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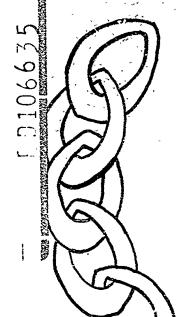
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Missouri

### ABSTRACT

The social studies curriculum juide is based on the Career Conscious Individual Career Education Model, designed to create career consciousness in all students at all educational levels; to help them develop necessary life competencies, attitudes, and values; to assist them in visualizing possible life career roles; and to analyze and relate these roles to their present situations. The units center on the model's four basic interrelated domains: self-knowledge and interpersonal skills, knowledge of work and leisure worlds, career planning knowledge and skills, and basic studies and occupational preparation. Objectives are outlined for grades K-2, 3-5, and 6-8 for both regular and special education. For grades 3-5, the goals include: assessing one's characteristics; comprehending different lifestyles and occupations; developing positive self-concept; and developing an awareness of problems in interpersonal processes, of the interrelationship between education, environment, and work, of responsibilities within an occupation, of how work affects leisure, of learning as a continual process, and of the relationship between personality and career development. The main portion of the document (75 pages) presents activities and outcomes for grades 3-5 organized under domain, pertinent goal, and specific objective. (JB)





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### Career Development Guide Grades 3-5

MONTGOMERY COUNTY R-II PUBLIC SCHOOLS MONTGOMERY CITY, MISSOURI

Produced in cooperation with the Research Coordinating Unit of The State Department of Education with funds provided through Section 103(b), Vocational Amendments of 1968.

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### FOREWORD

Few people would deny that education is in a state of flux. More and more young people are rajecting college in favor of work. As the realization becomes real in that college is not the answer for everybody, emphasia is being placed on career education and increasing pressure is being felt by administrators to bring career education up to the level of other types of education. There is some reluctance among teachers and administrators to incorporate career awareness in the elementary schools. One of the main reasons given for not spending time on career awareness is the already jam packed schedule of curriculum content that must be taught; however, career awareness can be incorporated into the schedule without sacrificing curriculum offerings. can be done by integrating career awareness with various activities in social studies, reading, math and other areas of the elementary curriculum. During the middle school or junior high school years students should be given meaningful opportunities to explore career aducation.

These career education guidelines are an attempt to give teachers assistance in fulfilling this goal.

We are honored that the State Department of Education felt that we could perform this very meaningful task and we are grateful to the Montgomery County R-II teachers and others who so dedicated themselves to create these guidelines. We are also appreciative of the professional assistance which we received from staff members of the University of Missouri and to our Assistant Superintendent for Instruction, Mr. Benny L. Gooden, for his administrative leadership and momentum in seeing that this project was completed. Career education or career awareness is an absolute necessity if we are going to fulfil the needs of our young people in school during the seventies.

Howard E. Heidbrink Superintendent of Schools

Howard E. Herthink

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### CAREER EDUCATION

### CAREER CONSCIOUS INDIVIDUAL MODEL

During the past few years a number of career education models have emerged to fill the gap between career education need statements and the development of programs for implementing career education goals into our educational system. The sources of these models include the U.S. Office of Education, projects sponsored by the U.S. Office of Education, state departments of oducation, university personnel, and private research and development organizations. Model developers typically represent such fields as vocational education, guidance and counseling, curriculum development, school administration, teacher education, educational psychology and child development, or combinations of these areas. Some non-professional and advisory personnel also are involved in model construction, usually as members of committees with professional educators.

The models presently under construction are directed toward facilitating the development of certain valued behaviors. Such models project and speculate on what these valued behaviors are and then offer ways to facilitate the development of these behaviors. They create an idealized person or describe idealized characteristics of a person. For example, some models have interpreted Maslow's self actualization concept into a career life concept, e.g. "emerging career

Excerpts from Life Career Development Model, Career Guidance Counseling Placement Project, University of Missouri - Columbia, 1973.



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identity" (California, 1971). Other models use the generalized concept of vocational maturity that has been extracted from theories of career development (Bottoms, 1971; Bailey, 1971; Herr, 1971). These concepts of emerging career identity and career maturity emphasize a continually developing individual.

The basic components used in models often reflect the interests of the builders. Model builders with vocational education backgrounds and interests tend to emphasize the world of work and occupational preparation; likewise, builders with a guidance and counseling orientation frequently stress self knowledge and career planning. Regardless of their genesis, all models provide for self knowledge. It is the amount of attention devoted to the world of work that seems to be most varied.

The developmental learning process is approached from one of two basic view points. The most common and most easily conceived approach assigns a single component and type of learning experience to a grade grouping (Bottoms, 1971; Bailey, 1970). This approach implies a 1, 2, 3, step sequence. This is an attractive procedure because it is concise and easily understood. The second approach emphasizes differing levels of functioning or learning and stresses continual development kindergarten - adult (Wisconsin, 1971; California, 1971; Cysbers and Moore, 1971). In these models some elements of all the model components are continually being taught in a sequential manner. While more sensitive to interactive effects and potentially more comprehensive, this approach is more complex and hence requires greater time and effort to design and develop.

Model builders generally use an objectives based approach to derive and implement their models. Behavioral terminology is used in most to





specify individual outcomes. This approach allows for the incorporation of evaluation procedures and accountability, and is an important feature in the development of a number of models (California, 1971; Herr, 1971; Gysbers and Moore, 1971).

The Career Conscious Individual Career Education Model, conceptualized by Norman C. Gysbers and Earl J. Moore, is an outcome orientated model designed to provide a comprehensive overview of the knowledge, skills and attitudes individuals need to facilitate their total devlopment. The model is designed to create career consciousness in all individuals at all educational levels, to help them develope necessary life competencies, attitudes and values, to assist them in visualizing possible life career roles and to analyze and relate these roles to their present situations. (See Figure 1).

Included within the idea of consciousness is a person's background, education, politics, insight, values, emotions, and philosophy, but consciousness is more than these or even the sum of them. It is the whole man; his "head"; his way of life. It is that by which he creates his own life and thus creates the society in which he lives. (Reich, 1971, p. 15)

### Figure 1

The Career Conscious Individual

( )

Self: Unique Person, Total Life Style

Others: Interdependency,

Cooperation

Education: Understands Purpose,

Sees Relationship Between

Self, Education and

Soci ety

Work Tasks: Challenge, Proof of Ability

Work Place: Opportunity to Achieve

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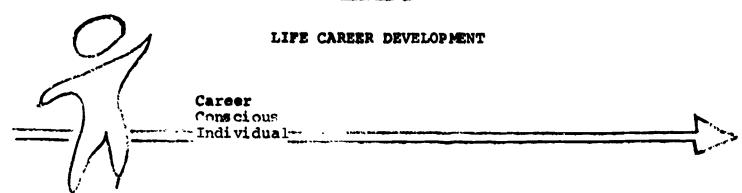


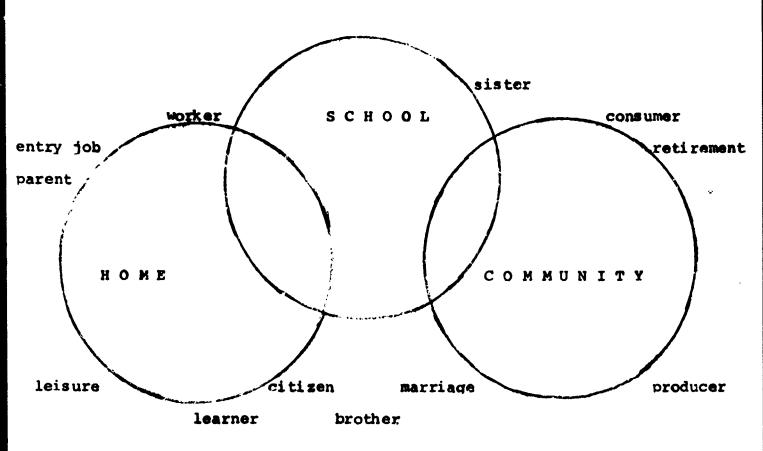
The Career Conscious Individual Career Education Model is based upon life career development concepts and principles. The word life indicates that the focus is on the total person, on all aspects of his growth and development over the life span. The word career identifies and relates the many settings in which people find themselves—home, school, occupation, community; the roles which they play—student, worker, consumer, citizen, parent; and the events which may occur in their lifetime—entry icb, maxriage, retirement. The word development is used to show that people are continually changing over their lifetime. We are always in the process of becoming. When used in sequence, the words life career development bring these separate meanings together, but at the same time they mean more than these words put together in sequence. Taken collectively, they describe the whole person—a unique person with his own life style. (See Figure 2.)





Figure 2





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### SETTINGS -- ROLES -- EVENTS

The Career Conscious Individual Model has four basic interrelated knowledge, skill and attitude domains: self knowledge and interpersonal skills, knowledge of work and leisure worlds; career planning knowledge and skills; and basic studies and occupational preparation. These domains are represented in Figure 3 and are discussed in some detail in the following paragraphs.

### Self knowledge and Interpersonal Skills

In the self knowledge and interpersonal skills domain, the content and activities focus on helping individuals understand themselves and others. The main concepts of this domain involve the individual's (1) awareness and acceptance of self, (2) the awareness and acceptance of others, and (3) the development of interpersonal skills. Within this domain, the individual begins to develop an awareness of his personal characteristics—interests, aspirations, aptitudes, abilities, and values and the characteristics of others. The individual learns techniques for self appraisal and analysis of his personal characteristics in terms of a real-ideal self continuum and begins to formulate plans for self improvement. The individual becomes knowledgeable about the interactive relationship of self and environment in such a way that he develops personal standards and a sense of purpose in life.

Outcome in this domain reflect a person who can utilize self knowledge in life career planning and in the fostering of positive interpersonal relations. The individual will be self directed in that he will accept responsibility for his own behavior.



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### Knowledge of Work and Leisure Worlds

The content and activities found in the knowledge of work and leisure worlds domain emphasize an understanding of the structure and basic dimensions of the world of work. Individuals learn that there are many occupations and industries which comprise the world of work and that these occupations and industries can be grouped in a number of ways. Such groupings serve as an avenue through which individuals learn of the similarities and differences among the work, workers and work places. Emphasis is placed on the individual's learning of selected associations among specific job requirements and characteristics and personal skills, interests, values, and aspirations. The rapidity of social and technological change and other factors affecting the flux of the work force and the work situation are elements considered in this domain.

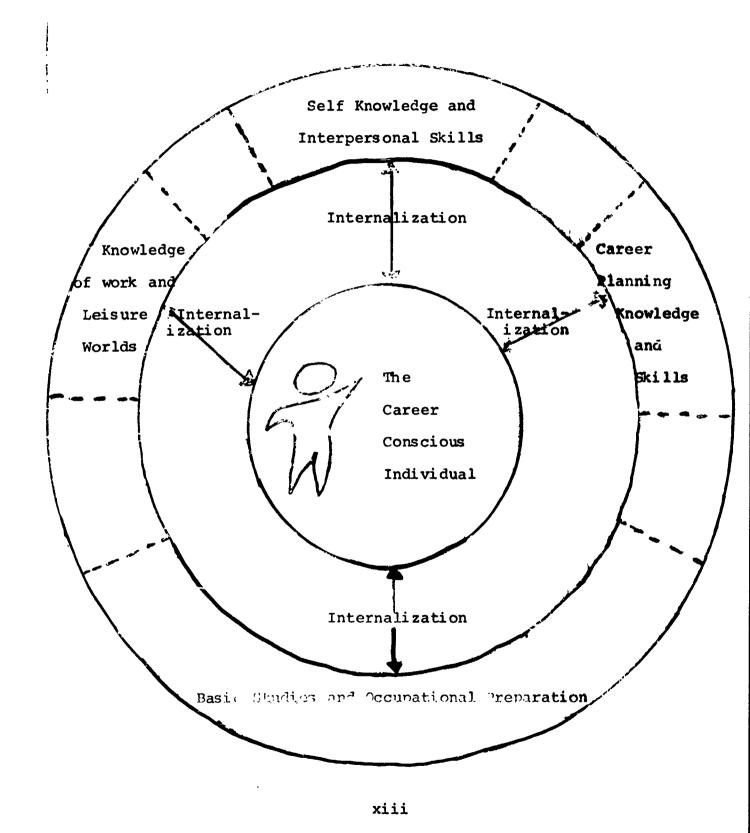
The individual begins to view the basic dimensions of the worlds of work and leisure in three perspectives—sociological, psychological, and economic. The sociological dimension encompasses such components as societal limitations on the individual's choice of occupation and the purposes of work and leisure. The economic component refers to such considerations of job choice as amount of pay, number of hours, fringe benefits, and the cost of various leisure activities. The psychological perspective refers to the amount and kind of personal satisfaction an individual receives from his work and his leisure and the internal factors which affect this satisfaction. As a result of learning about the interaction of these component parts of the worlds of work and leisure, the individual learns of the reciprocal influences of work, leisure activities and life style preferences.





Figure 3

Educational Components to Develop
The Career Conscious Individual





### Career Planning Knowledge and Skills

The career planning knowledge and skills domain contains content and activities designed to help individuals (1) understand that decisionmaking and planning are important tasks in everday life, (2) recognize the need for life career planning, and (3) value planning. The central focus of this domain is the mastery of decision-making skills as related to life career planning. The individual begins to develop skill in this area by identifying the elements of the decision-making process. He develops skill in gathering information from all relevant sources, both external and internal, and learns to utilize the collected information in making informed and reasonable decisions. A major aspect of this learned process involves the appraisal and application of personal values as they are related to prospective plans and decisions. The individual begins to engage in planning activities and to understand that he can influence his future by applying such skill. He begins to accept the responsibility for making his own choice for managing his own resources, and for directing the future course of his life.

Other dimensions in this domain include the concepts of change, space and time as they affect career planning. The individual learns of the potential impact of change in modern society and of the necessity of being able to project oneself into the future. In this way, he begins to predict the future and to forsee alternatives which he may choose and to plan to meet the requirements of preferred life career alternatives. From a point where the individual acquires knowledge of the decision-making process, he progresses to a point where he exhibits confidence in his decision-making skills. The major educational goals

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within this domain are different to a right of individuals who value planning and who formulas to the control is a research plans.

### Basic Studies and the transfer of the state of

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- 7 Reich, Charles A. The Greening of America. New York: Bantam Books, Inc., 1971.



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### How??? to use this guide.

The following pages indicate representative types of objectives and activities which may provide an orientation toward careers. They are not intended as all-inclusive or as the ultimate in career education. A creative teacher can use this basis as a beginning for an infinite number of activities designed with a specific classroom in mind. Each day's experience with each individual student should suggest new possibilities.

A suggested procedure might be as follows:

- 1. Read the goals on pages 1-8 in order to gain a perspective for the entire career project.
- 2. Become familiar with activities relative to your subject area. Many activities are based in the social studies area, but may be equally applicable in other fields.
- 3. Select appropriate objectives in the "Table of Contents" and turn to the page numbers indicated for their representative activities.
- 4. Choose an activity and adapt it to meet the situation and students within the grade or class.
- Utilize resource personnel (counselors, special teachers, community persons, etc.) to accomplish objectives:
- 6. Assess the activity in view of the outcomes.

No sequence of goals or activities is implied other than the developmental levels given following each general goal. It is intended that activities will be utilized as they are incorporated with other curricular pursuits.

The success or failure of career development lies in the willingness of professional teachers to view it as a means toward the accomplishment of a relevant school experience and in its subsequent enrichment of the various subject areas into a new educational fullness. It is with this goal in view that the five guides toward career-related activities are presented for classroom use.



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### 1.0 SELF-KNOWLED GE AND INTERPERSONAL SKILLS

- 1.1 The individual will have an understanding and acceptance of self that will enable him to make life-career decisions.
  - K-2 The individual will understand how people are alike and different.
  - 3-5 The individual will develop the ability to assess his own characteristics.
  - 6-8 The individual will assume responsibility for continuous self-appraisal.

### SPECIAL ED.

Primary The individual will have a realistic concept of characteristics which make him unique.

Inter. The individual will come to accept himself as he is and will understand that his uniqueness will influence his life career decisions.

Secondary The individual will accept himself as he is, and make decisions about his life-career accordingly.

- 1.2 The individual understands that differences in attitudes, interests, abilities, and values affect life styles.
  - K-2 The individual will understand some of the things in his environment that affect life in his community.
  - 3-5 The individual will understand the different ways people live.
  - 6-8 The individual will understand that individual characteristics and ways of living are interrelated.

### SPECIAL ED.

Primary The individual will understand that people are different.

Inter. The individual will tolerate and accept differences which affect the life style of himself and others.

Secondary The individual will respect the differences of people and accept this.



- 1.3 The individual will recognize the dignity and worth of himself and others.
  - K-2 The individual will understand that he is important.
  - 3-5 The individual will understand the manner in which work may provide an opportunity for persons to demonstrate that they are worthwhile.
  - 6-8 The individual will understand what makes a person feel worth while.

Primary The individual will have developed a healthy selfconcept and will respect the value of others.

Inter. The individual will take pride in his own work and will appreciate the accomplishments of others.

Secondary The individual will realize he has self-worth.

- 1.4 The individual understands the interpersonal processes needed to get along with others and achieve personal goals.
  - K-2 The individual will understand his own behavior and the behavior of others.
  - 3-5 The individual will recognize problem areas and develop skills for coping with these problems.
  - 6-8 The individual uses communication skills necessary to relate to his peers and other people.

### SPECIAL ED.

Primary The individual will understand that he must cooperate with others.

Inter. The individual will realize the value of basic social skills.

Secondary The individual will understand the importance for cooperation.

### 2.0 KNOWLEDGE OF WORK--LEISURE

2.1 The individual will understand that education and work are interrelated.

K-2 The individual will understand that what he learns in school is useful.



- 3-5 The individual will begin to understand that different kinds of work will require varying degrees and type of educational preparation.
- 6-8 The individual will know the educational qualifications for familiar career clusters (i.e.) ones he has been presented with in his career development program.

Primary The individual will understand that school is important.

Inter. The individual will understand that training is necessary.

Secondary The individual will understand that training is necessary.

- 2.2 The individual will understand that occupations and life styles are influenced by environmental variables.
  - K-2 The individual will understand that occupations and life styles vary.
  - 3-5 The individual will understand that the jobs people have and the way they live are affected by the community.
  - 6-8 The individual will realize that there are environmental factors that prohibit him from following certain careers.

### SPECIAL ED.

Primary The individual will understand that his surroundings affect his life.

Inter. The individual will understand that his surroundings will influence his choice of occupation and life style.

Secondary The individual will recognize the necessity for narrowing his choice of occupation.

- 2.3 The individual will understand that career satisfaction depends upon a harmonious relationship between himself and his work environment.
  - K-2 The individual will understand that people work together.
  - 3-5 The individual will understand that a satisfying career depends upon a good relationship between himself and his work.
  - 6-8 The individual will know that his attitude toward his job, his ability to get along with others influence his satisfaction with his career.



4

### SPECIAL ED.

Primary The individual will understand that he must function within the structure of his surroundings.

Inter. The individual will understand the necessity for rules in his surroundings.

Secondary The individual will understand that cooperation between his co-workers and boss effect his life.

- 2.4 The individual will understand the structure of the World of Work.
  - K-2 The individual will understand that there are many occupations.
  - 3-5 The individual will understand that there are many kinds of occupations and responsibilities varying responsibilities within an occupation.
  - 6-8 The individual will know that there is a relationship between careers and there are different levels of competences.

### SPECIAL ED.

Primary The individual will understand that work exists for a purpose.

Inter. The individual will understand that there are different types of work.

Secondary The individual will understand that certain careers are dependent on others.

- 2.5 The individual will understand that there is a relationship between one's choice of work and the availability and the utilization of leisure time.
  - K-2 The individual will understand that he will have free time.
  - 3-5 The individual will understand that his choice of work will affect his amount of leisure time.
  - 6-8 The individual will understand that the amount and kind of leisure will depend upon his choice of work.

### SPECIAL ED.

Primary The individual will understand that his choice of work is limited.

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Inter. The individual will understand that his job will influence his leisure time.

Secondary The individual will understand that his life-career is dependent upon his abilities.

### 3.0 CAREER PLANNING

- 3.1 The individual will understand that life career develops through direction and is a life-long process.
  - K-2 The individual will understand that getting ready for a job takes a long time.
  - 3-5 The individual will understand that the preparation he makes will affect his life career.
  - 6-8 The individual will understand that he is continuously in the process of career development.

### SPECIAL ED.

Primary The individual will understand that life consists of change.

Inter. The individual will understand that learning is a continual process.

Secondary The individual will understand that knowledge and training is unending in the preparation for life career.

- 3.2 The individual will understand that abilities, aptitudes, interests and personality affect career planning and development.
  - K-2 The individual will understand that people are different and will have different jobs.
  - 3-5 The individual will understand that his personality and what he can do will affect the development of his career.
  - 6-8 The individual will understand that his career planning and development are influenced by his personal attributes.

### SPECIAL ED.

Primary The individual will understand that all people do different things.

Inter. The individual will understand why all people do different things.

Secondary The individual will understand that his abilities will be the basis for any choice of occupation.



- 3.3 The individual will learn to accept full responsibility for his decisions.
  - K-2 The individual will understand that he will have to make choices.
  - 3-5 The individual will understand that he will be responsible for his decisions.
  - 6-8 The individual will be able to accept the rewards and punishments for his actions.

Primary The individual will learn to accept the consequences of his actions.

Inter. The individual will learn the value of making proper decisions.

Secondary The individual will understand the consequences of making wrong decisions and the rewards for correct ones.

- 3.4 The individual will understand the environmental influences which affect the selection of and training for his occupation.
  - K-2 The individual will understand that his surroundings affect his life.
  - 3-5 The individual will understand that his community will affect his work.
  - 6-8 The individual will understand not all careers exist in all geographical areas.

### SPECIAL ED.

Primary The individual will understand that his community is different from others.

Inter. The individual will learn how his community is different from others.

Secondary The individual will understand communities and their differences.

### 4.0 BASIC STUDIES AND OCCUPATIONAL PREPARATION

4.1 The individual will understand that he can learn to perform in a variety of occupations.



K-2 The individual will understand that he can learn to do many things.

- 3-5 The individual will understand that he can perform successfully in a variety of jobs.
- 6-8 The individual will understand that he would be capable of learning several jobs.

Primary The individual will understand that he can perform various tasks.

Inter. The individual will understand that he is suited for a variety of jobs.

Secondary The individual will understand the necessity of training for several jobs.

- 4.2 The individual will recognize that the school curriculum and other educational experiences are interrelated with his life career.
  - K-2 The individual will understand that what he learns will be useful in later life.
  - 3-5 The individual will understand that his education and experiences wi affect his life career.
  - 6-8 The individual will understand that most of his educational experiences will help him with his life career.

### SPECIAL ED.

Primary The individual will understand that learning affects his life.

Inter. The individual will learn to relate various subject areas to life.

Secondary The individual will recognize that training and or education is necessary.

- 4.3 The individual will have a marketable shill upon leaving the educational system.
  - K-2 The individual will understand that he will have a job.
  - 3-5 The individual will be able to get a job by the time he leaves school.
  - 6-8 The individual will understand that he must have a marketable skill upon leaving the educational system.



Primary The individual will recognize the importance of self-care skills.

Inter. The individual will understand and apply self-care skills.

Secondary The individual will exhibit an understanding for the necessity of good personal hygicne.



COAL NUMBER:

acceptance of self that well enable him to make The individual will have an understanding and 1.1

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

life-career decisions,

The individual will develop the alulity to assess his own characteristics.

strengths and weaknesses in academic areas as measured by The individual will be able to differentiate between his standardized tests, OBJECTIVE:

# ACTIVITIES

## OUTCOMES

Students will be given standarized tests.

2. Teacher and or counselor will discuss strengths and weaknesses in subject areas

3 Make charts and word lists of good personality

A traits.

4 Role playing to show good personality traits

5 Have the class choose a "Citizen of the Week",

6 Have a period for discussion of problems. Throughout the week, students put unsigned problems they are having in a box or envelope. Students discuss the problems with teacher, counselor or as a group and tell how they think the problem could be solved.

7. Write a theme of your strengths and weaknesses; what you can do to improve both.

8. Their themes may include such things as what makes them happy or sad, what they like to do, what they'd like to be, their friends, their family and their pets.

9. Write a paragraph on "What I like about me." Write another one on "What I don't like about me." Discuss reasons why we can be angry, fearful, happy,

The student wall be able to write a story to illustrate the uniqueness of self.

The student should be able to see himself as "growing up."

Teacher and some students will be able to differentiate between students included in the group and be able to observe evidence of overlapping.

SELF SOMAIN: SELF

OBJECTIVE:

The individual will be able to differentiate between his strengths and weaknesses in academic areas as measured by standardized tests,

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES SUBJECT

	Soft impathent, kind, etc. Definition of emotions. Relate how things used to affect me and how they do now (loud noises, school, little brother, striking out, responsibilities, going to bed)
ACTIVITIES	Set inpatient, kind, etc. Definition Relate how things used to affect me anow (loud noises, school, little broiout, responsibilities, going to bed)

OUTCOMES

covering background figures) of the group, and student introduce the idea of overlapping (foreground figures students in class standing in a group. Teacher will 10. Have students draw themselves with three other

of identification through clothing color and type.

ability or interest for each name on the list including Discuss why each person might abilities listed for each student. Find the most pre-Give each student a list of the names of the class Have him write the most positive special Then compare different abulities and/or interests listed. Tabulate the interests and/or have that specific ability, valent am lity for each. members his own. **e** 117,

Washington, to see how their individual interests and such as Benjamın Franklin, George Washington Carver, Research brographies of selected famous people abilities may have influenced their lives. Present Thomas Edison, Booker T. Washington, and George an oral or written report on one figure.

all the requirements for being a perfect friend. Read In the paragraph, describe a person that would satisfy the perfect friend is probably a mirror image of the or have read aloud the paragraphs pointing out that Write a paragraph entitled "A Perfect Friend." author and that there are many similarities and differences in the paragraphs.

The student will be able to name at least one interest or ability of each classmate.

possible reasons or characteristics The student will be able to name for each student's interest or ability.

library to find materials on selected person to be given in written or oral able to write a report about a given The student will be The student wall be able to use the famous person.

in a friend and, therefore, in himself. attributes that he considers desirable The student is able to write the

GOAL NUMBER 1,1 JI3S : OWNIN:

his strengths and weaknesses in academic areas as measured by standardized tests. OBJECTIVE:

The individual will be able to differentiate between

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

		S
		their faciel to use mirrors
		to model
		tudents use clay to model Do not allow the students
	ACTIVITIES	Have students
	AC	. Have
1		• 6

Have the students try to determine sizes and shapes of their face by touch only. feat 74

Emphasize through discussion that identification of shapes and sizes by touch could be an asset for an individual.

15. Incomplete sentence inventory. (EX. I am at my best when... I feel uncomfortable when... I can't understand why .... When I give a report in front of

15. "Today's Education," Unfinished stories (Discussion or writing of situational experience).

Write an autobiography.

(Creative Ask student to draw an emotion. -- Lowenstein) Mi nd Sociogram (Attitude) with the assistance of the guidance counselor. 19,

John Doe, (List different combinations of strengths and weaknesses; have students discuss the kind of Panel discussion (Make up a character, i.e. self image this particular person would have.) View the film "Values: Understanding Ourselves" and discuss.

(Certain values per square on right attributes, etc.) Tiddly-Winks game.

OUTCOMES

aces according to similarities students will be able to group and differences.

reasons why one should examine one's The student will write an essay on one should examine one's strengths The student will list reasons why The student will discuss reasons why one should examine one's strengths and limitations. strengths and limitations. and limitations.

The teacher will give a quiz on the film presented. film presented. GRADE LEVEL: 3-5

SUBJECT

SELF.

GOAL NUMBER: 0BJECTIVE: 1

measured by standardized tests.

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES : 1.1 The individual will be able to differentiate between his strengths and weaknesses in academic areas as

OUTCOMES	
ACTIVITIES	23. Students write themes on assessment of themselves in personality characteristics.

GOAL NUMBER: 1,1 SELF ERIC

differentiating between activities which he can adequately his own physical abilities and limitations by verbally The individual will demonstrate an understanding of OBJECTIVE:

perform and those which he cannot.

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<b>a</b> :
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Allow students to choose their favorite game or with activity for a class period. Vote on them, the three or five most popular being played.

list the winners in each event under the title "I'm Run a miniature Olympics with the class (including throws, running long jump, high jump, shuttle run, shot, jump rope). After results are completed, dasher, long distance, softball and basketball Number 1.

- 2. Complete a checklist of individual strengths and weaknesses related to physical activities.
- for a P.E. Choose class. Allow them to decide who plays which View a film on job responsibility. students to be captains of their teams position, in what order they bat, etc.
- fit. Make a list of as many as the emotions you can emotion was sign of the "young" you or the "grownparagraph on why it is important to be physically remember experiencing today. Check whether the 4. View a film on fitness and health. Write a

SUBJECT

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

Students should realize they have different interests.

OUTCOMES

Students should realize that they have varying abilities. Discuss checklist with the teacher or counselor.

and using these abilities accordingly. responsibility. The student should evaluating other people's abilities comprehend the importance of job write what they learned from the Student should be able to recognize the responsibility in The teacher may ask students to film.

Teacher notices if proper attitude toward mental and physical health are developing.

GOAL NUMBER: 1.1 MAIN: SELF

interests enter into his choice of out of school The individual will describe ways in which his OBJECTIVE:

activities.

# ACTIVITIES

Complete a prepared checklist of individual strengths and weaknesses related to free time activities, and job performance, etc. Have students cut from magazines and newspapers the outline of people engaged in work or play which arranged and pasted on drawing paper with emphasis interest the students. The cut figures should be on the negative area (empty space).

human form activity engaged in a specific type of Then have students set up an exhibit of the clay figures for the student body. The exhibit should be grouped and labeled: work or recreation.

Things we do for income.

Things we do for income and/or pleasure. Things we do for pleasure.

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

how each might affect his later possible reasons as to why and Discuss checklist with teacher or tell some of his strengths and weaknesses and arrive at OUTCOMES

Students will be able to synthesize their interests and show evidence of cutting skili.

by grouping figures in the exhibit. association of work and pleasure Student will formulate the

# GRADE LEVEL: 3-5

The individual understands that differences in GOAL NUMBER: 1.2 MAIN: SELF

attitudes, interests, abilities, and values affect life styles. The individual will

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

The individual will be able to describe 8 situations understand the different ways people live.

in which a persons environment affects the way that

person lives.

OBJECTIVE:

# ACTIVITIES

a school in that community. Tell about your special discuss how these students have different interests interests or hobbies, your community, etc. and for Write a friendly letter in correct form to Select a place studied in warm and cold lands a similar response. As responses are received, Jfrom those of the class.

Teacher will select key songs from any of the characteristics. Students will listen to, sing, warm or cold lands s udies that have peculiar and analyze the music.

mores or behavior which would affect his life style. 3. Discuss life style of native groups of people in warm and cold communities. Divide students into two groups - one to deal with warm lands, the other Each student will write a report pretending that he is a native of his land covering such topics as food, shelter, clothing, Optional activity would be to make a drawing to illustrate a part of his report. to deal with cold lands.

### OUTCOMES

a friendly letter telling about his school community and interests The student will be able to write The student will be able to compare and contrast other students to himself.

Students will be able to associate the characteristics of songs from covering differences between self other lands as a means of disand others.

The student would be able to describe his life style if he were a member of a given warm or cold

MAIN: SELF

GOAL NUMBER: OBJECTIVE:

The individual will describe ways an urban life style differs from a rural life style.

# ACTIVITIES

- with the students why some occupations have different After students have brought in models or pictures symbols (farmer-tractor, combine, silo, cows, fields, Discrss etc.). Note that they may view work from different of various occupation (farmer-model combine, houseroint of view because of their experiences with it. wife-dishwasher, etc.), label and display 3 models depicting urban and 3 depicting rural life.
- 2. Have students bring from home a model or picture of how two or three occupations would appear to them (farmer-model tractor, housewife-toy vacuum cleaner, clerk-toy cash register, etc.). Label and display:
- could happen to your environment (1 e., your town or your family) that would change your plans for making cooperatively or individually, of the things that 3. Make a list, either oral or written, either a living.
- Where could I be a professional scuba diver? 4. Relate careers in health and recreation to geographical areas and town size.
  - be a forest ranger? Where could
- a hockey player? Where could
- snow ski professional? pe Where could
  - professional dancer? could Where
    - resort owner? could Where
- physical therapist? hunting guide? could could Where Where
- salt water fisherman? could Where
  - a sailor? Where could I 10.
- Where could I be a jockey?
  - where could I be a golfer?
- Where could I be a heart or brain surgeon? Where could I be a milk inspector?

SUBJECT

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

through symbols that work means The student is able to explain different things because of experiences with it. OUTCOMES

The student is able to explain that work or occupations can have symbolic representation

mental factors that would affect The student wall be able to list or discuss orally some environhis plans for occupation

realize that geographical location The student will be able to influences careers.

GRADE LEVEL: 3-5

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

SELF NI W ERIC

1.2 GOAL NUMBER:

The individual will describe ways an urban life OBJECTIVE:

style differs from a rural life style.

# ACTIVITIES

# training, and preservation; if possible, cameras, which can provide information about animal care, Utilize books, films filmstrips and speakers film, tape recorders.

(or of pets they would like to have) and examples their pets. As each student presents his inforof things they need (or would need) to care for Initiate an exploration of occupations that mation, encourage the class to listen carefully and to ask questions that will help you develor them to bring to class pictures of their pers have evolved from man's interest in animals. a list of careers and occupations related animal care, training, and preservation. resulting list might include:

Pet-food manufacturers

Pet-grooming, health, and recreation suppliers

Pet store workers

Animal hospital workers

Kennel workers

Obedience school workers

SPCA and other animal welfare group workers

Zookeepers

Circus-animal trainers

Game wardens

Livestock farmers

Working-animal trainers (sheep dogs, seeing-Racing employees (groom, trainer, jockey)

eye dogs, sled dogs, dray horses, mule teams,

rodeo horses)

Orni ghologists Taxi dermists

(and other specialists in zoology)

OUTCOMES

At the end of these student will discuss the differences between those who go into animal people who go into people care vers us care。 GRADE LEVEL: 3-5

AREAL SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

1.2 SELF GOAL NUMBER: SMAIN:

The individual will describe ways an urban life style differs from a rural life style. OBJECTIVE:

ACTIVITIES

they might investigate personally in your community. teams. Each might design a research plan, collect Divide the class into several small investigation students help you select several categories that Since exploring all the careers involved in each data, and develop a means of communicating the possible topic is probably not feasible, have results to the entire class.

these suggestions as beginning ideas only and to the teams. However, encourage students to treat The following suggestions might be presented to create their own, original plan by adapting or expanding on these.

etc. and interview the people who work there. Tapewhat skills he or she needs, what kinds of personal characteristics (interests, physical stamina, emotional set) are helpful in the job. Take slides Visit a pet store, an animal hospital, a farm, record conversations about what each person does, in class, organize the slides and tapes into a of the different tasks each person performs. program for the entire class.

training, satisfactions, and some of the experiences Display the As a variation, of the books. Invite each student to "become" one Collect fiction and nonfiction books about the books in an area that can be surrounded (or backthe books. Have students select and read several variety of animal and human careers presented in grounded) by student-made posters depicting the of the characters and explain his or her job, relationships between animals and man. he or she encountered in the book.

OUTCOMES

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

WAIN: SELF

GOAL NUMBER: 1.2

The individual will describe ways an urban life style differs from a rural life style OBJECTIVE:

ACTIVITIES

OUTCOMES

several students may wish to role-play a segment of the book that illustrates the careers involved After calefully researching an occupation, an investigation team might "prep" the class for a visit from someone in the career area. Prior to the visit, students might use panel discussions, visual aids (commercial or student-made), and other means to give the class background information From such activities the team might develop "key questions" to submit to the visitor to help him or her organize the presentation to be made.

Following each investigation team's presentation, have students help you discover or design ways to apply the information to other classwork—spelling, math social studies, science, art, music, physical education, language, etc.

7. How do you think people in a farming town might be different from the city?

As the students make their contributions, write them on the board, making two lists. Your lists might look like this:

COUNTRY roads, paths fields houses

CITY sidewalks streets

apartment buildings

Discuss: What would happen if everyone lived in the city in apartment buildings?

and

or Write a paragraph on either of these two subjects? How People in the Country Help Us,

How People in the City Help Usania and the unan

The student will be able to describe and explain interactions between people in a farm community and in a city through discussion and listing.

1

with the the the the transfer the

SELF.

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES The individual will recognize the dignity and worth of himself and others. 1.3 GOAL NUMBER:

The individual will understand the manner in which

work may provide an opportunity for persons to demonstrate that they are worthwhile.

The individual will be able to orally evaluate his performance of specific tasks. OBJECTIVE:

### ACTIVITIES

#### Introduce the term "rewards" and discuss tangible and intangible View film and cassette. rewards.

- and school and chart kinds of rewards. Examples: List kinds of work students have done at home
- 3. Invite volunteer workers to speak to class about (a) Junior Red Cross; (b) Scout leaders; (c) parent volunteers; Examples: rewards they have gained. (d) Peace Corps worker.
- Each student chooses an occupation he would like to make a future career of and have him tell why.
- Read stories about careers. ა.
- Write a story "Work is..."
- (a) All people don't like (c) Working with some people is different (d) Some jobs may be lonely. (e) Some jobs may be dangerous. (f) Additional experience or training is sometimes 7. Skits depicting feelings associated with work. the same jobs (b) Repetition may cause boredom: necessary. (g) Feelings about jobs may change Examples to be considered: student's own words.
- 8. Define terms "dignity" and "worth". Make a chart listing together how each student brings dignity and worth to his job of helper and worker in school.

SUBJECT

to work. Select several occupations and list each under as many categories as possible to show that more than one each section with a feeling related School project well done, Etc. (a) Father trings home pay check; Dramatization of various kinds of rewards for work done. Examples: feeling may be related to a job, Construct a large circle OUTCOMES (Q

terms "dignity" and "worth". The student will be able to relate how The student will be able to define

LUMIN: SELF

1.3 COAL NUMBER:

performance and atantana

ndividual will be able to orally evaluate his periormance ecific tasks.	OUTCOMES	his duties or work in s have dignity and worth.
evalu		
able to orally		y be added as
The individual will be of specific tasks.	ACTIVITIES	Keep the chart up so that ideas may the school year progresses.
Objective:	ACTI	Keep the chart up the school year pa

the school year progresses.

uties or work in school

Write the following Introductory Activity: code on the board.

19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
S.	E.	D	>	ž	×	κ	, Z	
_		<b>~</b> 1	~	_			_	~
10	11	12	13	14	H	16	17	3
ь	×	ŗ.	Σ	ż	ŏ	ď	Ċ	ď
							∞	
Ä	æ	ပ်	Ď,	ы	ĮŢ,	ပ	H	+

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below, you will have the names of some famous people. In code on the board each you find and match the letters to the numbers given letter of the alphabet has been given a number. Then say to the students: Such as:

Code the following names and then let the students research to find out at least one thing for which each of the following is famous:

Neil Armstrong (first man to set foot on the moon) (believed in using Alexander Graham Bell (invented the telephone) Marian Anderson (outstanding contralto of her Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. peace to fight for freedom)

Discussion should follow on how these famous people brought dignity and worth to their jobs.

SUBJECT

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

The student will be able to The student will be able to decode given names.

identify a characteristic that made each famous. The student will be able to discuss how a famous person brings job. dignity and worth to his

2

GRADE LEVEL: 3-5

SUBJECT

ERIC WING

GOAL NUMBER:

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES OBJECTIVE: The individual will be able to orally evaluate his performance

of specific tasks.

CTIVITIES	ourco
10. Discuss the words "worth," "value." What	Student sho
doctors, nurses, garbage men, policemen, firemen, mothers, fathers,)	respect.

Write paragraphs on (1) "Why I am Valuable" (2) "Everyone is Worthy of Respect."

and

### OMES

nould be able to grasp of value, worth and

OMAIN: SELF

1,3 GOAL NUMBER:

The individual will be able to tell 5 ways in which work provides an opportunity to enhance dignity and worth. OBJECTIVE:

#### secretary, or other school personnel to class-Invite school maintenance worker, school room to explain their jobs. ACTIVITIES

OUTCOMES

- Use recreation and entertainment people to discuss leisure time activities.
- the importance of his job (1 e. migrant worker, garbage man). Have someone with an unskilled job discuss
- in small groups using the following study questions: A Have the students ask a relative or merying if he feels his job contributes to the well-being of society, and if so, how. Discuss the results
  - Does the work of this man contribute to the well-being of society?
    - Does the worker believe his work is of value to society?
- Does it matter whether or not he believes (a) Could it affect the way he does his his work is valuable to society? If so, how? Work?
- Could it affect his personal sense of well being? If so, how?

### SUBJECT

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

dignity and worth to the individual. student will tell how a specific student chooses a specific job The student will show evidence recognize that a worker brings and tells a person can bring dignity and worth to that job. dignity and worth to that job dignity and worth to his job. The student will be able to In a class discussion, the in writing how a job brings In a class discussion, the job of his choosing brings holder. (ex-Doctor)

OAL NUMBER: 1.4 The

..4 The individual understands the interpersonal processes needed to get along with others and

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

achieve personal goals.	The individual will recognize problem areas and	The indivi	his interpersonal relations and describe how he might change them.	
		OBJECTIVE		

OUTCOMES	Teacher evaluat
	y personal
	group any
	ಡ
	the students as thin the group.
ACTIVITIES	l. Discuss with the students as a group any personal problems found within the group.

Teacher evaluation on how children accept one another in group situation.

3. Discuss learning to live with strengths and weaknesses.

Discuss personal problems individually with the

4. Discuss handicaps students in the room may have, and how they can help each other.

5. Students may bring hobbies to school and tell about them.

6. Students may collect things from nature to share with the group.

7. Discuss why student medication is kept in the office and that some students must go to the office and be responsible for medication.

teachers.

ATAS :NI WIC ERIC GOAL NUMBER:

The individual will order the tasks to be accomplished OBJECTIVE:

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES SUBJECT

within a specified time.

# ACTIVITIES

at a given time two days from now. Have them write actually was doing. Then have him give reasons why Discussion (Weather, back the slips and have the student write what he will be doing at 2:00 on Sunday. On Monday, pass Have the students predict what they will be doing Have them predict on Thursday what they Grade this on a piece of paper to be opened two days should center around the factors that were the Science Unit - "Graphing and Predicting") Teacher - School (Fourth greatest influence on what he had done. his prediction was or was not correct. T.V., parents, etc.) Resources: later

Construct a chart similar length of one second. Have the class investigate the number of seconds it takes to carry out some School - (SRA Math Text, Grade 3; activities or jobs which children do in school at guide or use a stop watch to show children the pendulum as described on page 25 of teacher's Make a One second pendulum or stop watch) a normal rate of speed. to the following: Resources:

#### Activity

Number of Seconds

- sharpen pencil comb hair
- put on coat and button it take off boots ۳.
  - get recess milk
- a heading on paper put

OUTCOMES

ment that influence his career choices several major things in his environ-The student will be able to identify

number of seconds it takes to perform The student will be able to name the an activity. SUBJECT AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SU AR omplished	OUTCOMES	
GRADE LEVEL: 3-5 GOAL NUMBER: 1.4 OBJECTIVE: The individual will order the tasks to be accomplished within a specified time.	ACTIVITIES	Pick a student to do each activity and time the activity. Stress this is not a race, but is to be done as a formal activity. Have students count the swings of the pendulum or the number of seconds. Record the results. Stress that these and similar activities are a part of the student's work at school and the time each activity requires is important.

SELF GOAL NUMBER: ERIC Participator, rate

OBJECTIVE:

The individual will identify reasons for persons to set differing goals.

## ACTIVITIES

am happiest when am sad when Sentence completion:

am kind because

am afraid...

am angry when...

Make a collage showing the three major emotions List your strengths and weaknesses. anger, fear and love.

1

They should be aware of Students will learn and practice skill activities the rules and skills involved. through organized games.

Let each student take a turn at leading the rest of the students in exercises.

(food, T.V. program, sport, hobby, color, class). above their silhouettes list their "favorites" Make silhouettes of everyone in the class.

sentation (possibly given by a high school student) Have the students view a colored slide preporshowing a variety of methods and styles of traiture.

Have the students draw a self-portrait in class if mirrors are available. Have the students draw a self-portrait at home and school. bring to Have students group drawings according to style of students' work.

SUBJECT

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

discuss the situations listed and The student will be able to emotions involved. OUTCOMES

basic emotions on The students will be able to locate three each collage. ب. ب Students can discuss how hard was to do skill activities.

remember excercises and to act in notice the differences in indi-The student should be able to Observe student's ability to a leadership role. viduals.

drawings according to styles caused Students will recognize and group by individual differences.

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES SUBJECT

> OBJECTIVE: The individual will identify reasons for persons to set differing goals. GOAL NUMBER: 1.4

SELF

NIW RIC

ACLIVITIES

of hair, color of eyes, chest and waist measurement, graph (bar graph). Comparisons can then be drawn as This graph idea could be expanded to involve, color information should then be transferred to the class the class - two for the boys and two for the girls. graph of his class and then compare the two groups. to numbers in each class, averages among boys and having the fifth grade teacher furnish data for a girls, etc. This activity should be expanded by One graph should deal with weight and the other measure one another and weigh themselves. This The teacher could structure four graphs for with height. During the day have the students

Record on tape a selection read aloud by each student at the beginning of the year. (Use his present reading level.)

Record the same selection read aloud by the same student on a quarterly basis.

ing to self read), could help him do better in school.\* help me?" Ask student if doing more of this (listenchange?" and "Did doing this help me or how did this Discuss with the student or have him fill out a prepared questionnaire relating to such responses as: "Did I improve?" "Did I do poorly?" "Why did I

Have the students complete (at the beginning of the Year) a prepared math page (problems at students' present level) checking time and accuracy. Have students complete the same page, checking time and accuracy, on a quarterly basis. and

OUTCOMES

ways in which he is similar to and The student will be able to state different from his classmates.

that his abilities can or wall change The student will be able to explain his abilities are important to himand why; and explain why examining self.

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

ERIC SELF

The individual will identify reasons for persons to GOAL NUMBER: 1.4 OBJECTIVE: The ir

set differing goals.

OUTCOMES	នន
ACTIVITIES	Discuss with the student weaknesses and strengths of doing this activity. Discuss how one's progress could help him in school. *

\*("eacher could use counselor or reading consultant to discuss this with the individual students.)



The individual will understand that education OF WORK & LEISURE DOMAIN: KNOWLEDGE 2,1 GOAL NUMBER:

and work are interrelated.

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

The individual will begin to understand that different kinds of work will require varying degrees and types of educational preparation.

The individual will be able to match occupations to educational preparation. OBJECTIVE:

# ACTIVITIES

and its requirements as moving parts of the mobile. Have student construct a mobile using any job (Stahiles may also be used.)

Have him explain the educational requirements of his job. 2. Interview a person in the community. 49

Choose five or more jobs in which the student is interested and show the education required for

#### OUTCOMES

Have a student give a speech about a job he would like, telling about the education he will need to fulfill it.

compentency requirements, the student Given a specific occupation and its will tell how this will influence his educational preparation.

ments affect one's type of education." Write an essay on "How job require-



DOMAIN: KNOWLEDCE OF WORK AND LEISURE GOAL NUMBER: 2.1

The individual will be able to recognize that there are many kinds of schools for career training. OBJECTIVE:

SUBJECT
AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

OUTCOMES	7 - 11 - 0
ACTIVITIES	

school? (Ex. Dressing, meals, route to school, Etc.) types of education for work (experience, apprentice-Discussion: How did your family prepare you for 2. Read books or stories that bring out the various

3. Collect advertising materials, (circulars, ads, trade journals) in relation to kinds of schools.

ship, technical school, college)

4. List types of schools in the area. Make chart of schools from Activity #2.

5. Take students on a trip to see as many types of schools as possible. Make arrangements to tour a local college and technical school.

Use map of local area to locate all schools at all levels.

The individual will understand that occupations and life styles are influenced by environmental GOAL NUMBER: 2.2

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

variables.

The individual will understand that the jobs people have and the way they live are affected

by the community:

OBJECTIVE:

The individual will be able to discuss several occupations affecting the life style of himself and his family

#### ACTIVITIES

#### OUTCOMES

The student is able to explain that his present and past may influence his future in various k areas.

family recreation, family occupation, school interests, These six cards are to be labeled as follows: future interests. Write a short paragraph on each of a sketch or photograph, (put the title on two lines.) On both sides of the title, attach three 3 x 5 index my future recreation, my future occupation, and my 1. In the center of a 12 x 18 (or larger) piece of tagboard print "Me: When I Grow Up" and place the appropriate cards. cards.

When student has finished his chart, have him discuss or write on how each of the areas relate to him in the middle and to each other.

(This activity can be extended over several days.)

- Encourage constructive comments and criticisms. Without using a dictionary or glossary, define the work". Read or have read the different definitions.
- 3. Have the pupils answer several questions like: What would happen if:
  - No one cleaned the streets
     No one removed the snow?
- 3. No one collected the garbage?
- 4. No one emptied our cesspools?
- 5. No one managed the city or town dump?
- 4. Have students discuss how climate can affect the way people live and the kind of work they do.

The pupil is able to write his definition of the word "work" and can orally express his criticisms of other definitions.

The pupil will be able to describe the situation that might exist if any of several less desirable occupations went unfilled.

Develop lists of environmental factors to discuss how they will affect a career.

LOMAIN: KNOWLEDGE OF WORK & LEISURE

The individual will understand that career 2.3 GOAL NUMBER:

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

The individual will understand that a satisfying satisfaction depends upon a harmonious relationship between himself and his work environment.

career depends upon a good relationship between himself and his work.

the personal attributes The individual will be able to identify

OBJECTIVE:

necessary to obtain and maintain a job.

ACTIVITIES

What type of person is (class discussion) Read about a career. needed for this career?

doctor) and tell what attributes a doctor needs. Make a particular job assessment chart (i.e.

Studert could make a self-assessment chart on interest, abilities, personality, and the careers he would like to pursue.

readings where personal factors affected the per-Use a student-prepared tape recording of his son's choice of career.

Different occupations are interrelated in Have a class discussion including some or all society. Every individual can have a meaningful, rewarding career. People pursue careers for mary 5. Have a class discussion including some or all of the following points. People have many kinds of careers. Every occupation contributes to many ways reasons.

kinds of stores and shops students have visited or move comfortably. It should rest on top of the wearer's head and reach his knees or lower. Help 6. Following a class discussion of the different seen, work with your class in creating a "walking Find a cardboard carton that will fit down over a student's body, leaving him room to mailbox."

OUTCOMES

Develop lists of personal factors that influence a career.

ERI Full Text Provided I

DOMAIN: KNGWLEDGE OF WORK & LEISURE

GOAL NUMBER: 2.3

OBJECTIVE: The individual will be able to identify the personal a job, attributes necessary to obtain and maintain

SUBJECT

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

ACTIVITIES

OUTCOMES

students cut an oval at the level of the eyes and mouth, large enough for Mister Mailbox to see and speak through. Cut a slot at about waist level, large enough to receive a "letter." Then have the students fix up the box with facial features, arms, and a uniform, using paint or construction paper cutouts.

A child-size cardboard box, construction paper, scissors, paints. (Materials)

Have students take turns being Mister Mailbox. Wearing his box, he goes from "shop" to "shop" -that is, from student to student collecting a piece of mail at every stop.

shopkeeper, asking for some service or some merchandise. Each of the other students imagines that he is a

As Mister Mailbox approaches, each shopkeeper slips his letter into the slot, and Mister Mailbox takes it To whom in his hands. But he is a chatty sort. He stops and wish to write out for him as a reminder): What do asks each shopkeeper some questions (which you may Why? you do all day? Do you like your job? Why? are you writing? Have some little talks with the class about occupations in the community, why people enjoy work, how they help each other

this game. For instance, Mister Mailbox might be Miss Telephone Exchange, who places calls from one business Observations: You can play a number of variations on

35

GRADE LEVEL:

NOMAIN: KNOWLEDGE OF WORK & LEISURE

2.3 GOAL NUMBER:

The individual will be able to identify the personal attributes necessary to obtain and maintain OBJECTIVE:

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES SUBJECT

OUTCOMES

a job.

play telephone conversations about goods and services She, too, might be a chatty type who asks Other possible characters Encourage students to develop their own imaginary characters person to another, and the letters might be rolecallers about themselves. Other possible are Man from Mars and Mr. Truck Driver. as new careers are explored. ACTIVITIES required.

Arrange for the class to visit a construction site, possible, talk with some of the workmen (architect, operator, crane operator, electrician, tile setter, surveyor, mason, bricklayer, plumber, bulldozer roofer, plasterer, welder, interior decorator). observe the many occupations involved, and, if 7. Materials: Large filing cards

Back in the classroom, the student's findings may be example, after the class creates a list of the occupations they observed, students might create riddles applied or demonstrated in numerous ways. For for each, like these:

I make drawings and blueprints of many sizes. You need me for every building that rises.

I put in the pipes so water will run. In every building my job must be done.

I use concrete and mortar in the job I do. I work with bricks and stone, too.

finish buildings in the shades you choose. like whites and blues. work with colors

Distribute filing cards and have students write their riddles on one side and the answers on the other. the cards in a "riddle box" for leisure activity.

GOAL NUMBER:

OBJECTIVE: The individual will be able to identify the personal attributes necessary to obtain and maintain a job.

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES SUBJECT

OUTCOMES

one construction occupation and showing the class how you can brag about it. Tell them why your particular job is the most important of al Be dramatic. Then class as vou did. Urge them to be effusive, to "pull out all the stops." have the students select occupations and brag to the Introduce the "Blow Your Cwn Horn" game by selecting ACTIVITIES

Later, explore the ways in which these occupations are really interrelated and interdependent. You might ask students to bring from home an example of describe the satisfaction he derives from the activity. interest might lead to a career in construction and to a hobby or an interest they are involved in (making a birchouse, building a model car, making puppets). Provide time for each student to explain how this

the Brooklyn Park Elementary School, Anne Arundel County, look at construction jobs in a new light. In addition, "his" occupation - driving a bulldozer - helped others Observations: Mary Fickel's fourth-grade students at Maryland, took advantage of the construction of a new building on the school grounds to acquaint themselves some shy youngsters experienced a moment in the limewith the various occupations involved in the project. about the negative aspects of his personality, discovered a positive use for bragging. His pride in Mary observed that one student known for bragging

another approach to studying careers related to home The classes of Rita Bloom and Mary Lynn Post, Fanny Hillers School, Hackensack, New Jersey, developed

DOMAIN: KNOWLEDGE OF WORK & LEISURE

GOAL NUMBEF: 2.3

The individual will be able to identify the personal OBJECTIVE:

SUBJECT
AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

to obtain and maintain a job; zones, they visited a construction site and observed After studying the various ways in which homes are constructed in different climate the process of building a wood frame house. attributes necessary ACTIVITIES construction

OUTCOMES

Following this experience, they spent time with a local high school woodworking class and participated in some of the activities involved in the construction of scale model houses. They learned to handle saws, hammers, vices, and drills, and participated in measuring and fitting sections together. In their own classroom, the children used scrap lumber to make their own models - birdhouses, doghouses, tables, and furnishings, as well as homes.

KNOWLEDGE OF WORK & LEISURE WAIN:

GOAL NU

STUDIES

SUBJECT

AREA: SOCIAL to explain ways in which sonal satisfaction from	OUTCOMES	icles and The student is able to und This that there is a relationsh
GOAL NUMBER: 2.3 OBJECTIVE: The individual will be able to explain ways in which an individual can obtain personal satisfaction from his occupation.	ACTIVITIES	1. Have student make a scrapbook of articles and pictures from newspapers and magazines. This

Think Write anagrams using letter of his name. of action words. 7

periodically his selections as to what and why. Have

students compare with each other.

should reflect his interests and abilities.

(T) hrow Example:

(O) rder

**57** 

(M)anage

Then the student should use the words in a sentence to himself.

4. The student should keep a daily diary; put in good and bad things about himself. At the end of a given time period, he should write a paper entitled, "Me-The Good Guy," or "Me-The Bad Guy," using descriptions from his diary.

Have students make a painting Teacher of their mothers or fathers doing what the student The class should view the picture parts together. The class should view the completed paintings and discuss the importance of 5. Resources: School (Large white paper, tempra paint, No. 7 brushes) Have students make a paint should stress largeness of figures and fitting considers to be their most important jobs. the work illustrated in the paintings.

Have students select an occupation in which he reasons is interested and ask him to list as many he can for having pride in his choice.

derstand that there is a relationship between what he thinks of himself and what he does.

Di scuss

worth of their parents' efforts their judgments concerning the Students will have expressed to provide for them.

The individual will understand the structure OF WORK & LEISURE DOMAIN: KNOWLEDGE 2,4 GOAL NUMBER:

of the World of Work.

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

The individual will understand that there are

many kinds of occupations and responsibilities varying responsibilities within an occupation OBJECTIVE:

The individual will be able to name a variety of occupations in his community and to describe some of the duties and rewards of each.

# ACTIVITIES

through which they pass as they go through school. Not only are their grades numbered, but schools are Remind your students of the very regular stages Ajunior, high, preparatory, college, university, Dgraduate, In college, classes are ranked by the ranked by the terms primary, elementary, middle, terms freshman, sophomore and so on.

Guide the class into the observation Ask students to give examples of similar numbering might prompt them to draw parallels with the military, since the status system is somewhat similar to that in comparable to those in the school system, and not only are there commussioned ranks with an array of titles schools. Not only are there noncommissioned ratings, Probably you will want to explore with your class the that, in the case of both college and officer status, individuals who are highly capable fail to gain rank. and commissioned personnel. This is somewhat similar with titles and numerical rankings within the titles conspicuous initiative, opportunity, and capability. occasional misfiring of these assumptions; that is, sharp demarcation of status between noncommissioned to the contrast in status between public achool and comparable to college class ranks, but there is a the ranking individual usually is assumed to have Initally you and ranking in the working world. college students,

2.4 GOAL NUMBER:

The individual will be able to name a variety of occupations in his community and to describe some of the duties and rewards of each. OBJECTIVE:

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

ACTIVITIES

OUTCOMES

and begin to observe with students the parallels in the civil service, in corporations, in almost every organization Discuss the status division between responsibility and authority up and down the ranks Lead the discussion into civilian occupations Note the systems of numerical grade rankings and workers and management, as well as levels of titles that are commonly used,

At every opportunity, guide the conversation to education and training requisite for progressing up traits, native abilities, and the the career ladder. personal1 ty

like. Some students may be interested in the statistibe chailenged to do in-depth reports on certain career Observations: As you conduct this exercise, you will The subject lends itself to Others may graphic display -- to charts, graphs, posters and the find numerous opportunities for follow-on and cal aspects of organizational structure, supportive assignments. g ues t1 ons  $_\circ$  Materials: A collection of headgear representative of various occupations (policeman's hat, construction worker's hard hat, nurse's cap, fireman's hat football helmet, army cap, sailor's hat, chet's hat); materials for making paper headgear. Have your class help you collect occupational headgear by borrowing hats from parents, relatives and family friends. SUBJECT

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DOMAIN: KNOWLEDGE OF WORK & LEISURE GOAL NUMBER: 2.4

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES The individual will be able to name a variety of occupations OBJECTIVE:

in his community and to describe some of the duties and rewards of each.

ACTIVITIES

OUTCOMES

When you are ready to have the class play "Lids for Kids," place the hats in a large box or bag. Have the students draw them out one at a time, as if from a grab bag, and tell where they have seen someone wearing the hat, what the person did, and how he contributed to the functioning of the community.

Since many hats are similar in appearance (for example, those worn by an army officer and an airline pilot), students may ascribe several occupations to a single piece of headgear. When this happens, encourage students to demonstrate the occupations they associate with each hat. Also, discuss with them the ways in which occupations differ—their requirements and their rewards to the worker. You might invite them to act out certain occupations in role-play situations.

The students might enjoy making their own occupational hats by coloring, folding, and pasting paper or cardboard.

Observations: Hats may be used in a variety of other ways. They might serve as props for interpretive dance, original playlets, or mock interviews. Your class might be interested in setting up displays showing the variety of occupations that correspond to types of hats. Footwear, uniforms, other equipment, and pictures may be added to these displays.

SUBJECT

DOMAIN: KNOWLEDGE OF WORK & LEISURE

2,4 GOAL NUMBER:

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES OBJECTIVE: The individual will be able to name a variety of occupations

in his community and to describe some of the duties and rewards of each.

ACTIVITIES

OUTCOMES

society. Every individual can have a meaningful, re-Every person is an individual, with kinds of careers. Every occuration contributes to People have many different abilities, interests, needs, values WE RUN THE TOWN - Concepts: warding career.

Performance Objective: The student will be able to describe some of the duties and rewards of each to name a variety of occupations in his community

Materials: A map of the community, pins, colored paper for making flags.

locate landmarks, their homes, homes of relatives and Attach a street map of your community to a wall at a height that students can reach. Have students family friends. Ask them to show you what routes take to get to familiar places.

Have students help Make a little flag with the word school printed on you find the address of your school, and pin the flag to the appropriate address on the map. it, and put a pin through the flag.

Ask a student to show you where his father, mother, Do the same for other you help him make a flag, print his last name on it, put a pin through it, and place it on the map at the right address. Ask him to describe what his father, Have the class observe as mother, or other relative does. or other relative works. members of his family.

GOAL NUMBER:

The individual will be able to name a variety of occupations in his community and to describe some of the duties and re-OBJECTIVE:

wards of each.

ACTIVITIES

places a flag on the map, have him describe the Guide the rest of the class in making flags and attaching them to the map. As each student work of the person he is pinpointing

community, stand back with your class and admire Talk about the many things there are to do in the world and what "we" would like to do When the map has been "decorated" with all "our" contributions to the functioning of the when we grow up and why.

pair services, manufacturing, professional services. Have the students pinpoint all the local merchants services, leisure commodities, retail items, rethe downtown area of your community on the wall. who serve the community. Color key the various all clustered to-In addition, place a map of Main Street or establishments into groups, such as essential Have the students discuss why some of these businesses or professions are gether, while others are not.

vide health goods and services; places that provide Students might locate places that proindustries that contribute to the local economy or Maps can be used by older students fessional, technical, and managerial occupations; educational and training opportunities for proto supplement several different career-inquiry that are being phased out; and so forth. Observations: actı vı ti es

4. Materials: Large sheets of poster paper, scissors, paste, paint, stapler, tape, stuffing material (rags,

AREA:

OUTCOMES

SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

GOAL: 2.4

The individual will be able to name a variety of occupations OBJECTIVE:

in his community and to describe some of the duties and re-

wards of each.

ACTIVITIES

OUTCOMES

scrap paper, newsprint)

Ask students to select their favorite current career they work? What responsibilities will they have? How Where will much and what kind of training will they need? interest and to describe it for the class. aspects of the career appeal to them most?

Wax Gallery) could be developed. Describe how this might Propose that the class create a display snowing constitution themselves. Suggest that life-size figures (a la Madam Tussaud's

Have the students trace one another, making silhouettes on Then have them make a duplicate (to become the back view). poster paper.

views together, stuffing the figure with rags, scrap paper, and other items (buttons, implements, etc.) brought from Guide the class in using paint, scraps of material, home to "dress" the silhouettes in appropriate "future" Help the students staple or tape back and front or newsprint. Mount the figures on the walls or in other, little-used places.

native abilities, personal traits, and education or training choose their careers. Suggest that the displays might be more meaningful to people visiting the room if each one personal traits and expeniences that may have led them to In group discussions, explore with the students their courage each student to write up a description of the is accompanied by some information about the career. required by the occupation he has chosen.

SUBJECT

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

GOAL NUMBER: 2.4

The individual will be able to name a variety of occupations OBJECTIVE:

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

in his community and to describe some of the duties and rewards of each.

ACTIVITIES

OUTCOMES

voke discussion of the interrelationships among occupations. You may wish to ask that the figures be moved about and displayed in various groupings on the walls to pro-

comparing the career as it was in the past and as it might be in the future, plays or skits demonstrating the inter-Observations: Paper sculptures may become the focus for Students might write poems about what their future will bring, essays relationships among the represented occupations, tape recorded tour guides to be used by visitors to their a number of language arts experiences. sculpture gallery.

If making life-size figures is not feasible because of may wish to consult with your art colleague and introduce the size of the classroom or the number of children, you other structural techniques, such as papermache.

OF WORK & LEISURE DOMAIN: KNOWLEDGE 2.5 GOAL NUMBER:

a relationship between one's choice of work and the availability and the utilization of leisure The individual will understand that there is

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

The individual will understand that his choice of

work will affect his amount of leisure time.

The individual will be able to present significant observations about his own personality and life style and to relate these observations to possible choices of career and leisure activities. OBJECTIVE:

### ACTIVITIES

OUTCOMES

Materials: Pictures of people at work and play, discarded picture magazines for snipping. Ask the students to bring from home some pictures of people doing things.

Have available some pictures that show people at play, and others in which people are working at jobs that appear to be fun--playing professional sports, driving a locomotive, hosing a fire, etc. Place three large captions side by side at the top of a bulletin or flannel board - "Work," "Play," and "Both." From your collection of pictures, select one that shows people at play. Invite the students Do the same for a Attach it to the to identify it as work or play. board below the "Play" caption. "Work" picture. Then choose a picture that could fit both the work and play categories. Showit to the students and encourage them to compare the activity it portrays with When they decide that the picture could be placed in the activities shown in the other two illustrations. either column, ask someone to post it in the "Both" column.

pictures of activities that belong to each of the three Then have students find examples among their own

DOMAIN: KNOWLEDGE OF WORK & LEISURE

GOAL NUMBER:

The individual will be able to present significant observations PRIECTIVE:

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES observations to possible choices of career and leisure activities SUBJECT about his own personality and life style and to relate these

OUTCOMES

#### ACTIVITIES

the board and to discuss the reasons for the place-Ask them to attach their pictures to ment of each. categories.

after years of practice. If recessary, describe some adult experiences - getting paid at the end of the month, of situations in which the "fun" might come a long time the championship after months of hard training, gaining the respect of friends and fellow workers after proving Also discuss the idea enjoy his colleagues or the feeling of having done some Perhaps he even enjoys complainafter the work - like being able to play the piano well Talk about work, how and why it differs from play, earning a degree after four years of college, winning Help students think that even if a person does not enjoy his work he may yourself at some difficult task. why people work if not for fun, part of his job well. ing about his work!

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DOMAIN: KNOWLEDGE OF WORK & LEISURE COAL NUMBER: 2.5

OBJECTIVE:

SUBJECT AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

OUTCOMES

### ACTIVITIES

1. After your talks, you may wish to have students look through scrap magazines for more examples of each category.

Observations: Parents may be interested in this activity, since it is relevant to the problem of chores at home. Take snapshots of the board to send home with the students or invite parents to sit in on one of your "work and play" sessions.

Ask students to draw pictures of themselves involved in "Both." After students have explained why they placed the other two categories. Try some of the suggestions or have students act as "student teachers" and test different types of schoolwork and to post the results below captions such as "Hard Work," "Fun Work," and their pictures where they did, discuss ways in which some "Hard Work" activities might be modified to fit You might adapt the "work and play" idea in conducting periodic evaluations of school activities. the ideas.

2. List in a column your family's leisure time activities. Across from this list indicate your own leisure time activities.

Now look at the list and determine whether or not your family activities influenced your interests.

- 3. The student will express through role playing kinds of behavior and feelings learned at work.
- Students will do a project to find out how self discipline is needed to complete the project. a subject area report, etc.)

Teacher should observe whether the student can relate his activities to those of his family.

OMAIN: KNOWLEDGE OF

DOMAIN: KNOWLEDGE OF WORK & LEISURE GOAL NUMBER: 2.5

SUBJECT

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

OUTCOMES

#### ACTIVITIES

- 5. Students will express through role playing how rules and regulations result in more structured work and play activities.
- 6. Give each student a piece of graph paper allowing time segments of either five minutes, ten minutes, thirty minutes, or one hour depending upon the detail desired. Have each student log the time spent during his school day. On the following day have the logs discussed with suggestions for improvement.
- students which would require them to fit into their 7. Unfinished stories would be presented to the busy schedules. - Time for an important event in which they must participate. Have each student finish the story in his own way. 6<u>8</u>
- 8. Students will discuss (panel discussion) and try to discover how income derived from occupation allows participation in leisure time activities.
- 9. They will research how leisure time is spent in other cultures.
- 10. Do a personal financial budget for one lifestyle. But an arbitrary amount on the board (\$500). Apply to a vocation in a certain job area. Draw conclusions, i.e. recreation, housing costs, food. Another way to approach this activity would be to use arbitrary incomes from lower, middle and upper class society.
- 11. Use older student as a resource person to illustrate how part-time jobs have influenced his life style (paper boy, candy striper, janitor's helper)

A student will use an older brother, sister or friend, and explain how their first job influenced their life-style.

ERIC

DOMAIN: KNOWLEDGE OF WORK & LEISURE GOAL NUMBER: 2.5
OBJECTIVE:

SUBJECT AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

	rt essay, "A Day in the Life of Someone you idolize;, telling	
	essay Someon	Like
ACTIVITIES	0 =	•
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CI	t e	ŭ
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Wrı	his
	2	what his career

This may be an oral or written

OUTCOMES

13 Do a blographlical sketch on a person who has influenced a student Choose one whose life-style has changed. (1 e Bob Long, who now runs Pizza Huts.)

14 Do an original theme, "Life-Styles in the Year 2000" or "What Life Styles Will be Like To When I graduate From High School."

15. Write a paragraph on what your father's or mother's occupation is and how they or the rest of the family are affected by it (hours spent together, home surroundings, recreation or leisure time, etc.). When students are finished, or the following day, have them re-read what they have written and add another paragraph on whether they would like to do the same type of work. What would they change if they could and how might it affect them?

a brief paragraph on what type of occupation you might portation, etc.) When the picture is finished, write and do when you grow up (home, hobbaes, pets, transhave to fit that picture and why that occupation is Draw a picture showing where you would like to live and some of the things you would like to have n cessary.

which his father's occupation influences him and his 17. Have student list as many ways as possible in family's life style.

report.

The student will be able to relate the occupation is of members of the family to his life style;

The student will be able to explain that the way he wants to live might be an influence on the occupation he will need to choose.

The student will be able to see that occupations affect life style.

GOAL NUMBET: 2.5

The individual will be able to identify a variety of OBJECTIVE:

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES SUBJECT

considerations involved in choosing a career.

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	ACTIVITIES	
	ACTIV	

Discussion that follows should deal with the different interests, abilities, attitudes, values, and aptitudes student list two reasons why he would like each job. Make a list of the choices that the class has made. the bulletin board that they would like. Have the Have the students pick any three jobs shown on that different individuals have.

activities as work. Have a play idea and work idea box. the play group may select an idea such as fishing from deal with activities as play; the other will deal with student chooses one idea, he writes a riddle about his A student from the play box. Another student in the work group will also have fishing but as a work activity. After each Divide the class into two groups. One group will activity as work or as play. Some suggested ideas building things, collecting rocks, growing plants, use are fishing, hunting, driving cars or trucks, Each box will contain the same ideas.

20

sports and heroes. Have the same inventory completed at mid-year and at the end of the year. pupils complete a self-interest inventory concerning such things as pets, food, school subjects, friends, At the beginning of the school year, have the

Point out at the end of the year that some of the responses have changed.

school dressed in a costume of a worker of his choice. 4. Plan a "guess who" day when each student comes to Have the class figure out the workers and the major duties and responsibilities of their occupations.

OUTCOMES

The student will be able to exdifferent people like different plain orally that not everyone likes the same things and why things.

from the idea box as work or play The student will be able to write a riddle portraying his activity

The pupil will be able to recognize that personal interests and preferences may be changeable. The student will be able to portray a worker by dressing in a costume.

GOAL NUMBER:

The individual will be able to identify a variety of considerations involved in choosing a career. OBJECTIVE

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES SUBJECT

OUTCOMES	The student will be able to name the duties and responsibilities of a particular worker.  Students will suggest questions to be asked of school workers.
ACTIVITIES	Series that you will invite some school workers the classroom to tell about their joks. Add questions to chart of things students wish to know. The chart may read:  1. Why did you choose this job?  2. What do you like or dislike about your job?  3. Do you work mostly indoors or outdoors?  4. Do you work mostly with people or things?  5. Do you talk and listen much?  6. Do you read and write much?  7. Do you use math much?

job is jobs. Student will state how his similar to school workers'

the students job which are similar to school workers

Then discuss characteric cacs of

Show film.

jobs, e.g.,

(2) felt pen

(1) chart

Materials:

Observing Rules Doing One's Part Accepting Responsibility

Being on Time

"Going to School is Your Job" (col.) (P) Journal Films, 1964 Fi lm: Materials:

SUBJECT AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

DOMAIN: KNOWLEDGE OF WORK & LEISURE GOAL NUMBER: 2.5 OBJECTIVE: The individual will be able to describe the adult eaucation and training in his community.

DOMAIN: CAREER PLANNING

The individual will understand that life career develops through direction and is a life-long GOAL NUMBER:

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

The individual will understand that the prepara-

tion he males will affect his life career.

The individual will be able to identify the various educational levels level. and occupations available at the completion of each OBJECTIVE:

### ACTIVITIES

feel Student lists personal weakness which they can be improved on. Evaluate after two weeks,

Pantomime of jobs in music.

3. List things and discuss what students like to do related to a variety of jobs. (Jobbies)

to acquaint students with training and responsibilities 4. Occupational Research (Ex. paper boy) Use interviews with older students who have newspaper routes involved with "first jobs".

5. Panel discussion on assets and limitations, and how to use them on a job.

choice of a career usually involves a compromise be-Concepts: Every person is an individual, with different abilities, interests, needs, values. Every individual develops a personal "style," which he can fulfill in a career with a similar "style". People pursue careers for many reasons. A person may be suited for several different careers. tween greater and lesser needs.

express a variety of career preferences and some in-Performance Objective: The student will be able to sight into his choices. Materials: Paper bags big enough to fit over students' heads, discarded magazines from which children can cut

#### OUTCOMES

parents qualifies physically for List or explain how one of your their job.

physically for this job vecause: I may cualify Write short theme; completing these sentences:

I may not qualify physically for this job because:

personal preference and five jobs List five jobs suitable for your not suitable for your personal preference.

SAME CAREER PLANNING COAL NUMBER:

educational levels and occupations available at the The individual will be able to identify the various OBJECTIVE:

completion of each level.

ACTIVITIES

career-related pictures.

careers they might like and careers they might dislike. Tell the students that they are going to make "their own bags." Ask them to go through old magazines and clip out numerous pictures representing

Demonstrate to the students how they might paste the pictures representing their likes on one side of a paper bag and those they dislike on the other.

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

OUTCOMES

SUBJECT

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

OUTCOMES

SUBJECT

CAREER PLANNING OMAIN:

GOAL NUMBER: OBJECTIVE:

The individual will be able to express a variety of career preferences and the preparation needed for each

## ACTIVITIES

A collection of reference books and readings about the world of work. Materials:

class will be playing the game in a few days and that students to watch the show, if they have not all seen your career-exploration program. Announce that the describe how the game works. Make arrangements for they should make some preparations. Have a student Adapt the television show "What's My Line?"

known to all students and to write a brief description Ask each student to choose an occupation that will be student should make two copies, one for you and one scription should state whether the occupation deals mainly with people, animals, things, or ideas. of his duties and his working environment. for the master of ceremonies.

twenty questions in an attempt to guess the occupation. "line" They will take turns sending a representative For the first session, have the group select a master fail. Questions must be asked in such a way that they can be answered with a single word - "Yes," "No," "Sometimes," "Partly." The members of the panel may con-They Divide the rest of the class into two panels, seated facing each to stump the opposing panel. Each panel may ask score one point if they succeed in guessing the in twenty or fewer questions, no points if they sult among themselves before asking questions. of ceremonies and a scorekeeper. other.

Talk with the students about the best mode of questioning Groups should begin with fairly broad questions and

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

OMAIN: CAREER PLANNING GOAL NUMBER:

The individual will be able to express a variety of OBJECTIVE:

career preferences and the preparation needed tor each

ACTIVITIES

OUTCOMES

\$10,000 per year? Do you work in the medical field? country? Do you do routine work more than creative work? Is it entirely routine work? Are there many people in your occupation? Do you earn less than you work mostly in the city, rather than in the Give some examples like these: Do you work indoors more than you nurses' aide? work outdoors? Do you work indoors only? Industrial field? Are you a gradually narrow them down

At the beginning of the game, have the first "worker" with people, animals, things, or ideas, answers, He will then state whether the occupation should read quickly through the description so that he can make judgments about ambiguous questions and to you and to the master of ceremonies. The emcee give copies of his or her occupation description the beginning of play and announce deals mainly

questions that can be answered with a single word, intervene as necessary to get them on the track. Until the students become accustomed to posing

Interrupt the game when it begins to lose impact and Select a different emcee and scorekeeper if the class wishes. plan to play it again later.

"far out" occupations, This will emphasize one of the the sheer diversity of useful and rewarding jobs out aims of the activity -- which is to alert students to peat it, urge students to search for more and more If the game seems profitable and you choose to rethere in the world.

about the similarities and contrasts among occupations At intervals, have some conversations with the class

OBJECTIVE:

SUBJECT AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

OUTCOMES

### ACTIVITIES

in terms of skills, preparation, rewards, prestige, income, etc.

grams. Other games that lend themselves to reviewing tion. The procedure described here was adapted from additional, original games involving career informaor to communicating information are "20 Questions" Observations: Many teachers have used variants of "What's My Line?" in their career-exploration proan activity developed by the Utah State Board of Students might enjoy creating and "Charades." Education.

2. Materials: A long piece of heavy colored cord or rope, adhesive tape, miscellaneous magazines containing pictures, mail-order catalogs.

sections representing five years, beginning at five and continuous "lifeline" around two or three walls of the Suggest that they mark off the line in Consult with them about dividing it into "the Ask students to help you attach a cord or rope in a ending at ninety-five. ages of man."

that represent these variant needs and taping them at the Ask students to describe the differing needs of people all ages. They should know the physical and emotional lives. Prompt the class to begin cutting out pictures fulfillments people seek at different stages in their appropriate age points along the lifeline.

issues...What kinds of recreation do people like?..Dancing? At first your class will probably think largely about physical fulfillments. Allow them to tape up pictures of ice cream for kids, motor bikes for teen-agers, house and station wagons for mothers and fathers, rocking chairs Then gradually begin to raise other for grandmothers.

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JOMAIN: CAREER PLANNING GOAL NUMBER: OBJECTIVE:

ACTIVITIES

OUTCOMES

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

At Sitting on the front porch? At what age? what age?

Why? What kinds of working situations can people expect at different ages? What jobs would they enjoy? at what ages? How much income do people need? Vien? kinds of honors might they receive at different ages? that the students make drawings or lettered captions pictures. What kinds of schools might people go to to show their ideas when they cannot find suitable stimulate ideas by asking strategic questions like What Athletic prizes? Honorary degrees? Continue to As you move into more abstract matters, suggest What levels of authority might they reach?

needs, such as food and companionship, that are present tape explaining your thoughts behind each one. Point out Get into a little philosophy of living as it relates to career questions. Add pictures and captions of your own, Talk about the pictures and captions as students Test their decisions with at all ages, but with subtle contrasts. them to the lifeline.

This activity can continue over an indefinite period, when the students can bring fresh perspectives to it. greater impact and produce richer learnings if it is grows more complex. In fact, it will probably have neglected for several days at a time and taken up gaining meaning as the mural of "the ages of man"

the lifeline would provide a natural plot for a little Observations: If the necessary equipment is available and your students have the inclination, suggest that Your "cameraman" might pan very slowly along movie.

GRADE LEVEL

COMFIN: CAREER PLANNING GOAL NUMBER: 3.1

OBJECTIVE:

ACTIVITIES

the lifeline, panning up and down to focus on noteworthy pictures or captions, perhaps zooming interest as specially significant items. A "sound track" commentary, written by the class and either read live or tape recorded, could easily be synchronized with the film.

Interested students might develop supplementary charts illustrating the importance of age in the performance of particular jobs, such as newspaper boy, professional athlete, astronaut, heart surgeon. Another group might develop a complementary chart showing the education and training required for each occupation and the junior high school courses that are particularly relevant to each occupation.

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

OUTCOMES

SUBJECT

CAREER PLANNING DOMAIN:

The individual will understand that abilities, GOAL NUMBER: 3.2

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

aptitudes, interests and personality affect

The individual will understand that his personcareer planning and development.

of his career.

ridual will be able to compare numerous occupations and accomplishments that each requires. The i OBJECTIVE:

# ACTIVITIES

Have younger students (K, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, Etc.) tell what they want to be--and have the older students visit these rooms and make an inventory of the career sequence compared with themselves. Later, have junior and semior high come in and tell what they want to do.

2. Arrange conference with teacher and guidance counselor in regard to career decisions, or what variables will affect him.

Then compile a master list for whole group brainstorming on "Variables of 3. Small Careers." class. 4. Have students make lists of personal skills, abilities, etc.

ality and what he can do will affect the develop-

training and education choices he Choose an occuration and list the needs to consider in planning for this occupation,

OUTCOMES

that happen in the developmental List the changes and influences phases of setting goals. SUBJECT

CAREER PLANNING ERI

GOAL NUMBER:

an individual's personality and abilities may play a The student will be able to give instances of part in his selection of a career. OBJECTIVE:

ACTIVITIES

identify emotions.

Students in small groups discuss what might "Bill tries to ride a hike before learning to ride a tricycle." happen if:

"Sue jumps into the deep water even though she cannot swim."

"First grader Tom plays tackle football with the sixth graders

Do these people have proper attitudes about themselves? 81

How can they improve their attitudes? How will they feel?

View film on growing up.

other materials presenting information on a variety Books, kits, resource guides, and of careers; art materials. Materials:

Have students develop a list of glamorous, exciting Such a list might careers that appeal to them. resemble the following.

Movie stunt man or woman Professional sportsman Talk-show moderator Circus performer Game warden fest pi lot Detective Mode] Actor and actress Race-car driver Popular singer Deep-sea diver Rodeo rider Stewardess Sky diver Jockey

to explore in greater depth. Research methods might include writing to well-known persons engaged in the Suggest that each student select one of the careers career, watching movies, television features, and

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES Student will understand and OUTCOMES the way

movie which displayed "growin-up" List activities shown in the

DOMAIN: CAREER PLANNING

GOAL NUMBER: OBJECTIVE:

The student will be able to give instances of the way an individual's personality and abilities may play a part in his selection of a career. OUTCOMES

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES SUBJECT

> talk shows related the career, scouring articles, books, ochupational information quides, and kits. talking with respected adults,

ACTIVITIES

careers or occupations to which this statement might Allow they On the chalk board, write, "Colorful living takes masterful planning." Ask students to react. Al wish, Then gradually turn the conversation to them to interpret the remark in whatever way Suggestions might include: apply.

(oil, water-Interior decorating Furniture design Clothing design Set and costume Fabric and rug Window display Upholstering color,etc.) desi gni ng Painting design

Floral arrangements Packaging design Photography and (for products) Film making Lands capi ng advertising Gem setting Cosmetology **Homemaking** 

consultants and as participants in follow-up discussions. focused occupations. If possible, invite representatives Provide students with a variety of experiences that will allow them to "get the feel" of several colorof each occupation to take part in the experiences "Hands-on" experiences might include:

personal appearance is enhanced by certain colors Have students examine their own natural coloring in their clothing and surroundings. They might also experiment with different lighting effects and do some experiments to discover how their

COAL NUMBER: 3.2
OBJECTIVE:

### ACTIVITIES

and cosmetics. Guide them to the realization that these color-discrimination skills are required in dress designing, window-display designing, cosmetology, make-up art, and numerous other professions.

Ask students to collect fabric swatches, paintsample chips, wallpaper, scraps of Formica paneling, tile, rug, stone, brich, shingle, and so forth. Place these in a "resource center" from which students may draw to decorate model homes or "dream rooms" they have constructed. Point out that color-coordinating is an occupational skill of interior decorators, artist-painters, set designers, etc.

Invite students to help you develop a bulletinboard display illustrating various color solutions to problems of room size; exposure to sun; patterns of design; personal preference; large areas and accent piece: collectors' items and heirlooms; unifying a room, house or apartment; mood of living area; personality of decorator; character of house and lot. Examples of occupational application of color awareness include various staff members of interior decorating and home-improvement magazines. Arrange for students to visit model homes and apartments, furniture showrooms, new industrial parks where buildings and grounds have been designed with attention to color, texture, shape, and space. If possible, students might interview designers and discuss not only the problems encountered in designing and how such problems are solved, but also the qualifications, responsibilities, and satisfactions of the occupation. Students might also

SUBJECT
AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

OUTCOMES

LOMMIN: CAREER PLANNING GOAL NUMBER: 3.2 OBJECTIVE:

ACTIVITIES

OUTCOMES

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

rencers, furniture buyers, and workers in the interview prospective home buyers, apartment industrial parks about how color influence their daily lives. Culminating activities that help students become aware of their developing "eye" might take several forms:

Students color and color principles and making suggestions might form panels of "experts" and evaluate each picture, pointing out sound, creative uses of Show slides, filmstrips, or color photographs demonstrating the use and abuse of color. for changes in poor examples.

photos (from newspapers, magazines, and other sources) of "way out" creations and have students develop one designers, and so forth. To what do they owe their Investigate "way out" interior decorators, fashion service, years of experience, wealth of materials, inspiration, work. Distribute black and white Discuss inherent ability, training, or more color schemes for each

demonstrate good or unusual color harmony an nature. Combine results to create a resource book or a sound Have students take color slides or snapshots that and slide presentation for use by other classes,

students to develop lists of attribute: -physical, intellectual In addition to exploring training requirements, amount and regularity of income, and working conditions, encourage career being explored. Suggest that students privately emotional, social-required of a person involved in the evaluate themselves in relation to these attributes.

DOMAIN: CAREER PLANNING GOAL NUMBER: 3.2

OBJECTIVE:

SUBJECT AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

OUTCOMES.

.

draft a log of a typical day (and night) in the working life of his subject, including all the sitting around writing, the politicking, the haggling over From their readings, from anecdotes they have heard, and from their imaginations, urge each student to money, and so on. ACTIVITIES

If possible, rrrange for representatives of the "glamorous" What aspects of the occupation are routine, duil, annoying, Following each presentation, encourage students to question vistors about "the other side of the picture" regarding their jobs occupations to speak with the class. frustrating, boring, mundane?

If appropriate guests cannot be found, students might roleplay such a situation - each student assuming the part of someone involved in the occupation he has researched and discussing his or her life and work with the class.

required of persons in such occupations After students have and note changes in their perspective of the "glamorousness" their "glamorous" careers. The materials should exaggerate Job characteristics -- both exciting and dull -- and attributes to have students develop humorous drawnngs or stories about Another method of communicating the results of research is share their feelings about the exaggerated characteristics Institute a general evaluation discussion in which students a browsing period and have viewed one another's of the careers,

science classes might be interested in investigating astronomers, nuclear physicists, and people like Einstein and Madame Curie, English classes might investigate poets, free-lance writers, Social science classes "Glamorous" careers may be studied as part For example, math and foreign correspondents, novelists. of almost every curriculum area. OBSERVATIONS:

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

OUTCOMES

SUBJECT

OMMIN: CAREER PLANNING

GOAL NUMBER: 3.2 OBJECTIVE:

ACTIVITIES

might focus on archaeologists, anthropologists, psychologists and psychiatrists.

Students might also enjoy the challenge of exploring the "flip side"--that is, looking for glamorous elements in occupations not usually viewed as exciting.

Resources: Film (#0087-"Am I Dependable" FAVI)

V13w the film "AM I Dependable?" After the film, discuss the dependability aspect of work.

Construct a collage of people in the area of sports who have become famous because of their abilities.

86

out the year, the students should be tested in physical -'hrough-Construct a collage of people in any area of health who have become famous because of their work. Throw fitness. They should be encouraged to practice and improve in these abilities. Make a progress chart noting those "most improved" in each area.

evaluative tool.

The student wall list five ways

he can be dependable.

Presidential Physical Fitness

Program Scale will be used as

GRADE LEVEL:

DOMAIN: CAREER PLANNING

The individual will learn to accept full GOAL NUMBER: 3.3

The individual will understand that he will responsibility for his decisions.

be responsible for his decisions.

The individual will list decisions made prior to reaching a specific goal.

### ACTIVITIES

Throughout the year ask individual students to comdeliver a verbai message to the principal promptly plete simple tasks involving self-discipline (i.e. with responses).

The teacher will evaluate how well or how poorly the students under-

OUTCOMES

scored the values of dignity and

student involved. Another example might be trusting the class or individuals to work independently or variety of activities, each appropriate to the Try to involve as many different students in a to work in the absence of the teacher. Correction or praise should be given as each situation warrants. At this time, stress the ideas of dignity and worth in completing a simple task.

Have the pupils write a one paragraph theme entitled "My Daydream." Have them describe the kind of home Have them describe the kind of home and fixtures they would like to live with when they

other class members discuss the ways that the things Have the paragraphs read to the class and have the desired might be obtained.

View the film "Evan's Corner" or read the story from Houghton it lin's "Revards" level. (Grade 2) After the film, ask if the students would rather have them determine (from their answers) if their occupational goals are more directed toward probe alone or with someone most of the time. ducing goods or services.

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

The student is able to express in writing some of his material aspirations.

occupations to his personal likes

Student should be able to relate

contact with others will have an The student should realize that influence upon his occupational

OMAIN: CAREER PLANNING

OBJECTIVE: The individual will identify how present decisions will

affect his decisions.

E C	
TIE	
ACTI'ITIES	

- Interview retirees or Senior citizens,
- Robert Frost's "Road to Taken"--"Idea What I Might Have Been"
- career development related to his past experience and 3. Find resource speaker who will illustrate how his decisions.
- what effect would this have on your career; article in 4. Open forum, extemporaneous discussion of criminal acts and how they affect jobs. (EX--shoplifting-newspaper, magazine).
- 5. Have case workers or probation officers who work with young people speak about their experiences.
- 6. Materials: Local business and professional di rectori es .

resources for career research available to them in who have an interest in young people and who can draw on extensive experience in discussing the ins Lead Your students into a discussion of the human the community. Give some examples from your experience of retired professional men and women and outs of careers.

# AREA: SCCIAL STUDIES

OUTCOMES

SUBJECT

Collect newspaper articles show ng how an employee got his job. clude his career development education, Etc. Give a book report from a biography decision and career choices helped of a tamous person -- Show how his

The student will be able to relate a number of first-hand experiences significantly influence his career with jobs and working people that decision-making.

SOMAIN: CAREER PLANNING

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES SUBJECT The individual will understand the environmental OCOAL NUMBER: 3.4

influences which affect the selection of and

training for his occupation.

The individual will understand that his community will affect his work.

"ne individual will be able to develog a list of environmental tactors in his community and discuss how they will affect his OBJECTIVE:

## ACTIVITIES

#### OUTCOMES

Student discussion of vocations which have been carried on from one generation to another

Last a number of environmental elements that would affect a career choice

- student about environmental elements which could that could affect a career choice, i.e. climate, Interview: Have individual conference with 3. Discuss a number of environmental elements affect his choice of vocation:
- financial status, economics, family modility, geography, educational institutions, family presence of large industry.
- 4. Study of population distribution map, draw conclusions on the relationships of population density, and the fareer occupational choice of inhabi tants.
- others and their career barriers and how they over-Teacher may read a section of blography, and students, through class discussion, talk about come them.
- showing where an individual development career was Read sections of hiography (marked by teacher)

impinged, such as Henry Ford or Wright Brothers.

Use activity three and have students

Cassette Tapes:

Books: Blographies

Women of Destiny "Helen Keller" "Clara Barton" AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

SOMAIN: CAREER PLANNING

GOAL NUMBER:

environmental factors in his community and discuss The individual will be able to develop a list of how they will affect his career OBJECTIVE.

ACTIVITIES

OUTCOMES

"Florence Nightingale" "Elizabeth Blackwell" "Amelia Earhart" "Madame Curie" "Juliette Lou"

"Betsy Ross" Educational Reading Services

- Give a first person report--teacher asks the questions and student takes part of blography character.
- date) giving reasons why you have changed your mind Construct your life line (line of your life to or why you have not changed your mind.
- the affects that accidents have on the careers of View "Impact" film and have discussion about the survivors.
- individual or environmental factors speak to the 10. Have a person whose life has been changed by
- 11. Have students write an original skit to show how personal and environmental factors change a person's career.

at every five-year interval, startdiscuss the results of his environ-Interview a parent about his life ing at age 15 years of age, and ment on his career.

by personal or environmental factors writing how his career was changed Interview a person and relate in

SMAIN: CAREER PLANNING
O ML NUMBER: 3.4

recently in response to the need to improve man's use of OBJECTIVE: The individual will be able to identify and describe number of occupations that have changed or developed the environment.

## ACTIVITIES

- plastic industry, space program (food, teflin dishes) made a contribution to society; car, light bulb, Trace development of an invention which has
- or teacher, have students, in groups of four, answer From a list of cccupations offered by the class the question, "How does this occupation you have chosen help society progress?"
- pro-Speaker with discussion of commercial art: (2) 3. Speaker With aiscussion of product, designs, Etc.
- Trace the development of health needs. 4.
- (EX silversmith, jewelry of Maya Indians) Analyze what conditions caused the need for this Student interview people in an occupation. occupation?
- (Could be applied to school needs i.e. bulletin boards in lockers, bake 6. Make a product and sell it.
- Trace development of law enforcement agencies.
- Trace the development of newspapers.
- 9. Invite parents or people in the community to come into the classroom to tell about their occupation, Question and answer period to follow.
- Discuss jobs observed in field trip to City Hall and other places.

#### SUBJECT

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

Recognize and show some degree of understanding that occupations exist for a purpose. OUTCOMES

Given a specific occupation, list the contributions it has made to society.

poraneous speech on "Occupations exist for a purpose." The student will give an extem-

the social needs which this occupa-Given a specific occupation, list tion fulfills.

•

specific occupations that have developed (or should be developed) to fulfill that need. Given a social need, list the

CAREER PLANNING

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES SUBJECT

OUTCOMES

Work?"
People
9
₹
Brainstorming.
4

ACTIVITIES

## Panel game: "What's My Line?" 12.

coach, pony express, wireless telegraph). Explain how these inventions created jobs and helped society. Make a mural tracing of any of the Trace the development of an invention (i.e. sewing machine; field of communication: stage above inventions.

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

OMIN': BASIC STUDIES & PREPARATION

The individual will understand that he can learn GOAL NUMBER: 4.1

The individual will understand that he can perform to perform in a variety of occupations.

occupations in which his individual potential can be developed successfully in a variety of jobs.
The individual will be able to recognize and list a variety of and utilized.

## ACTIVITIES

#### OUTCOMES

Say to your class something like. "All careers are a means of making a living but can you think of some other things that some kinds of work may mean to some people. For instance, ['11] give you the name of an you think these people might receive from their jobs. occupation and you tell me some of the satisfactions he has created something beautiful and people might An example might be that an artist might feel that receive pleasure from his work."

Have student develop a list of occupations which (1.e working with hands, key-punch, prano playing) require the same skills.

Play a matching game with multiple choice list of occupations and related skills, 3. Have a student write a self-inventory in three parts: What I'm Like, what others think I'm like, what I'd really like to be.

Show how 4. Chart occupations and related skills. development begins in grade schools.

Create Career Charades Game.

"This is what I want. 6. Create a job interview role playing situation (Employer) and "This is what I want," between employer and employee.

than material) that may be derived The student will be able to write or verbalize some values (other from work. Student will list several occupations into which his individual potential might lead him.

attitudes, personality, work experience can bring about changes in himself to fulfill a certain job: education, Student will list ways in which he

LUMAIN: BASIC STUDIES & PREPARATION

The individual will recognize that the school 4.2 GOAL NUMBER:

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

curriculum and other educational experiences are interrelated with his life career.

The individual will understand that his education and experiences will affect his life career.

The individual will be able to identify the educational preparation required for his parent's occupations. OBJECTIVE:

ACTIVITIES

OUTCOMES

rope, adhesive tape, miscellaneous magazines containing Materials: A long piece of heavy colored cord or pictures, mail-order catalogs.

sections representing five years, beginning at five and continuous "lifeline" around two or three walls of the Suggest that they mark off the line in Consult with them about dividing it into "the Ask students to help you attach a cord or rope in a ending at ninety-five. ages of man."

Ask students to describe the differing needs of people they know of all ages, the physical and emotional fullives. Prompt the class to begin cutting out pictures that represent these variant needs and taping them at fillments people seek at different stages in their the appropriate age points along the lifeline.

Ar physical fulfillments. Allow them to tape up ice cream for kids, motor bikes for teen-agers, house and station At first your class will probably think largely about Sitting on the front porch? wagons for mothers and fathers, rocking chairs for grandmothers. Then gradually begin to raise other issues. What kinds of recreation do people like? At what age? Dancı ng? As you move into more abstract matters, suggest that the students make drawings or lettered captions to show their ideas when they cannot find suitable pictures.

COMMIN: BASIC STUDIES & PREPARATION 4.2 GOAL NUMBER:

OBJECTIVE:

ACTIVITIES

ages How much income do people need? When? Why. What kinds of working situations can people expect What levels of authority might they reach? What Honorary degrees? Con-What kinds of schools might people go to at what at different ages? What jobs would they enjoy? kinds of honors might they receive at different tinue to stimulate ideas by asking strategic ages? Athletic prizes? questions like these.

that are present at all ages, but with subtle conwith questions. Add pictures and captions of your Test their decisions Talk about the pictures and captions as students Point out needs, such as food and companionship, Get into a little philosophy of living own, explaining your thoughts behind each one as it relates to career style. tape them to the lifeline.

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OUTCOMES

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES SUBJECT

DOMAIN: BASIC STUDIES & PREPARATION GOAL NUMBER: OBJECTIVE:

SUBJECT

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

OUTCOMES

## ACTIVITIES

with the film. ni zed

boy, professional athlete, astronaut, heart surgeon. each occupation and the junior high school courses that are particularly relevant to each occupation. chart performance of particular jobs, such as newspaper charts illustrating the importance of age in the showing the education and training required for Interested students might develop supplementary Another group might develop a complementary

Discuss in class why people need to work.

Discuss why some people are unable to work because of ill health.

Discuss "Why We Go To School."

Illustrate or make a mural on "Why We Go To School."

2. Materials: Maps, paper, cardboard, cutting tools, battery, electric wire, light bulb or electric bulb, and other materials as required.

Initiate a group discussion about ways in which games children have played (Monopoly, Scrabble, crossword focus on some of the commercial or home games the might be used as learning tools. You might first puzzles, charades, etc.)

some games. Suggest that these games focus on careers that require some knowledge of the subjects presently Then introduce the idea that the group might invent being studied in class.

orally list what they learned The students will be able to for the day.

The students will be able orally list eight reasons they are in school.

DOMAIN: BASIC STUDIES & PREPARATION GOAL NUMBER:

OBJECTIVE:

ACTIVITIES

Some may en-Introduce one or two of the following games to the Others may work independently or in Joy working with you to adapt the games to your small groups to develop different kinds of game students to stimulate their thinking. ciass needs. deas.

Then have 'he students take write the names of occupations on slips of paper, one around a map of a geographic area. Have the students name per paper, and place them in a large container. appropriate place on the map, explaining the choice Where Will Find Work? This game can be developed turns drawing an occupation and fastening it to an For example: Shake the container well. of location.

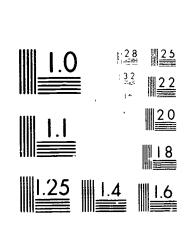
I probably would live and I am a tuqboat captain. work in a seaporc city. i would live where the soil is rich and the climate is mild. I am a corn farmer

One deck contains clues about a career and problems the career per-The cards in the second deck contain the career names on one side and the problem Astronaut or Zookeeper? For this matching game, students must develop two decks of cards. son might have to solve. solutions on the other.

To play the game, the clue cards are placed in a pile Answer cards are spread out to one side, turns drawing clues, working the problems, and then selecting the matching career card and checking the with the career names visible. Have students take face dcwn.

OUTCOMES

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES SUBJECT





BASIC STUDIES & PREPARATION GOAL NUMBER: DOMAIN:

OBJECTIVE:

ACTIVITIES

OUTCOMES

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

I work with huge machines that contain mirrors, Here are some sample clues and problems: lenses, and sometimes cameras.

Today I discovered a new star. It takes light from the star 4000 seconds to reach the earth. How far away is that star?

Answer Astronomer 4000 x 186,000=744,000,000

polar bear's yearly consumption of each type of food? hunting habits for people who need this sort of data or who are just curious. Today a student called me 4 pounds of fish, Part of my job is to collect information about the 2 poinnds of mixed fruit and green vegetables, and approximately 10 bags of marshmallows (contributed to find out how much a polar bear eats in a year. animals' eating, sleeping, breeding, playing, and I work with wild animals from all over the world. by visitors). How can my caller figure out the I gave him the figures for a day:

 $10 \times 365 = 3650$  bags of marshmallows  $2 \times 365 = 730$  lbs. of fruit and  $4 \times 365 = 1460 \text{ lbs. of fish}$ Vegetables Zook eeper

Ans wer

"memory" box or board on which a question terminal and correct-answer terminal are connected by a piece of insulated wire so that a light blinks or a bell rings challenge children simply to match items such as inventors and inventions they have studied in science. Out Fox the Memory Box: Students might construct a when the correct auswer is given. The box might

BASIC STUDIES & PREPARATION GOAL NUMBER: odmAIN:

OBJECTIVE:

ACTIVITIES

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES SUBJECT

OUTCOMES

Later the box might be wired to match career titles with educational reguirements, or problem-solving

with finding answers, or a variety of similar pair-ings Circuit wiring should be changed periodically childrens' ability to remember what terminals make situations with titles of occupations concerned so that the memory box will test more than the the light or bell work

As students become more innovative, they might develop There are several be used to review information and reinforce concepts (2 yames that present new information. There are seven television quiz games that might be used as models In thally student-made games might for student-made games. Observations:

LAMAIN: BASIC STUDIES & PREPARATION

GOAL NUMBER:

The individual will be able to name 5 occupations a person can obtain immediately following high school, college, technical schools or on the job training OBJECTIVE:

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

experi ence.

ACTIVITIES	OUTCOMES
1. Ask mother and father what they had to learn before they could do their job.	Have each child choose occupation and select the schools he would have to attend to fulfill career
2. Interview school personnel in regard to educational	requirements.

View films or filmstrips dealing with occupational L4. View films Srequirements.

Have ccanunity personnel a speakers on educational

preparation for jobs.

3. Have cc. background.

The individual will have a marketable skill BASIC STUDIES & PREPARATION GOAL NUMBER: DOMAIN:

yd doj The individual will be able to get a upon leaving the educational system.

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES

SUBJECT

the time he leaves school.

obtaining a job.

The individual will be able to list the steps involved in OBJECTIVE:

ACTIVITIES

OUTCOMES

a ditto, listed on the black board or shared orally. Differences and similarities in the various groups' children). Have each group decide on a job. Have each group identify and list the factors that are the small groups have listed the important factors Their jobs and lists could be compiled and put on After applicants. It may be necessary for the teacher important in performing that job; and are hence for each job bring the class together again and Divide the class up into small groups, (4-6 have the groups share their lists for the job. factors employers would be looking for in job or class as a whole to pick a job and do the exercise as a whole class activity first. At lists should be discussed by the children.

which requires a college degree. Be sure the person The playing the employer looks over the application of requires a college degree. Discuss with the class interviewing a job applicant for the job which repupils to role play the job interview for the job factors which an employer in these two jobs might 2. Make up or duplicate a job application sheet. teacher or the class should select two jobs; one which requires vocational training and one which the applicant and relates his questioning to the application sheet and have them complete them. quires vocational training; and then two other pupils volunteer to play the role of employer Provide each student in the class with a job take into consideration in hiring. Have two

BASIC STUDIES & PREPARATION COAL NUMBER: OBJECTIVE: uĆr∯IN:

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES SUBJECT

OUTCOMES

ACTIVITIES

Follow-up discussion by the class should include: specific applicant.

- used by the employer in interviewing in the The differences and similarities of factors two situations.
- have used in the interviews but were not used. Discussion of factors the employers should å

As a continuation of the previous activity divide students. Within these groups one student will play interviewing and to formulate questions he will ask. the role of an employer interviewing for a job, and played. The group must decide on the job they want the class into groups so that each group has eight the important factors are which he must use in his interviewed for the job. Each of the participants employer should be given some time to decide what three students will play the roles of those being will have an observer to study the role they have to use and which part each student will play.

individually each of the three seeking jobs. The employer should have the job applications of the three the interviewing, say which of the three he would hire If desired the employer can, after he is interviewing so he can relate his questioning and why. After the role playing is finished, the observers should relate their observations of the The employer in each group will then interview person they were observing to the group. to the applicant.

speak to the students and answer their questions dealing with the factors that he uses in the hiring of workers. involved in hiring workers come to the classroom to 4. Have a guest speaker who is in personnel and is

BASIC STUDIES & PREPARATION GOAL NUMBER: DOMAIN:

OBJECTIVE:

AREA: SOCIAL STUDIES SUBJECT

OUTCOMES they know a little of the nature of the work the person is involved in and can ask informative questions. the person who hires school personnel. A parent of one of the students in the classroom is a good source. Be sure students are prepared for the speaker, that This person could come from the business world or ACTIVITIES

Discuss the want ads in terms of what kinds of training and skills are in demand and what kinds 5. Have the students bring in want ads from newsof training and skills have a surplus. papers.

Discuss the reasons why an employer would be interested in knowing the incerests, willties, values and goals of those coming to him to seek employment.

the case history. As many characteristics of the person Read a case history of an individual which includes best type of job for this person based on the facts of as possible should be included in the case study which interests. Ask the students to try to determine the this person's hobbies, leisure time activities and may be written in narrative form.

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I hope that these objectives may be reached and that Career Development may become meaningful for each student in the Montgomery County P-II Schools.

Benny L. Gooden

